Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXV.--NO. 10. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1899. WHOLE NO. 10,025

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

The jewelled sword voted by Congress was presented to Admiral Dewey by President McKinley at the capitol in Washington. —— Georgia saw mill men have ordered an advance of prices. —— Col. Hawes, a leading lawyer of Bainbridge, Ga., fatally shot by another lawyer. —— Commissioner Douthitt of the South Carolina dispensary has been removed for alleged frauds and irregularities. —— The Atlanta *Journal* publishes a story that the Western Union will buy all cotton secured by merchants at prices based on recent fake quotations. —— One new case of yellow fever at Jackson, Miss.; one at New Orleans and two deaths. —— The race between the Columbia and Shamrock yesterday turned out to be a drifting match, and was declared off with the Shamrock a quarter of a mile ahead. —— Bryan received an enthusiastic reception at the Democratic carnival, Dallas, Tex; 50,000 people present. —— New York markets: Money on call irregular at 6@40 per cent., the last loan being at 10 per cent; cotton steady; middling uplands 7 3 16c; flour moderately active, and steady without quotable change; wheat—spot easy, No. 2 red 78½c; corn—spot easy; No. 2 41c; oats—spot firmer; No. 2 29½c; rosin steady; spirits turpentine firm.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 3.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 52 degrees; 8 P. M., 57 degrees; maximum, 66 degrees; minimum, 74 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, — inches.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 1.7 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Slightly higher temperature prevailed in nearly all districts. Light showers are reported for Southern Texas and generally cloudy weather prevails in the extreme South Atlantic and Gulf States.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Oct, 3.—For North Carolina—Fair in northern, rain in southern portion Wednesday. Thursday rain, brisk northeasterly winds.

Port Almanac - Oct. 4.

Sun Rises	6.01 A. M.
Sun Sets	5.37 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 37 M.
High Water at Southport	7.28 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	10 58 P. M.

The State of Georgia has 135 State banks this year, compared with 119 last year. Their capital aggregates $37,577,933.

If Mrs. John A. Logan is really anxious to know "what shall we do with our girls" she might ask the boys.

An English scientists warns Americans that they are expecting too much from liquidfied air. But may be they haven't got the right kind of air over there in England.

It is said that the best game cocks in Mexico are imported from South Carolina, numbering hundreds every year. South Carolina has always had the reputation of a game State.

There are a good many kickers in Paul Kruger's bailiwick now, but when England gets those 3,000 American mules she has bought there, there will be more of them, and daisies, too.

Mrs. Van Smyth, wife of a Kansas City doctor, is said to have fallen heir to $1,000,000 estate in Rotterdam, Holland. We congratulate her on her good fortune and trust it may not turn out to be a Rotterdam fake.

When that Russian prince married Miss Grant he toted a brass helmet during the ceremony. Most of the foreign princes, &c., who come over to marry our girls carry a good deal of brass with them but mostly in their cheeks.

An exchange remarks that "some jackass dropped a dummy boy off the Dewey arch in New York, and came very near causing a panic among the women below." That's doing injustice to the jackass. A jackass would never have thought of such a fool performance.

A Valued Present.

Mr. Clarence D. Maffitt yesterday received by mail a present which he very highly values. It is a ladies' watch of black steel trimmed with gold. It came from a wholesale grocery house in New York, of which Mr. Maffitt is a patron. Along with the watch came the explanation, which makes it so highly appreciated, that the steel of which the time piece is constructed, is from the hull of the battleship *Maine* which went down in Havana harbor, the story of which and recurring events, is now pictured vividly on the imagination of all loyal Americans. The watch bears the name of "Hobson," and tMr. Maffitt would not part with it for a good round sum. Another souvenir, which he also received is a *fleur de lis* stick pin, of the same material and trimmings.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The Clyde steamship *New York* cleared yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock for Georgetown, S. C.

— Only routine matters were discussed by the Board of Managers of the Produce Exchange yesterday.

— The schooner *Golden Ball*, Capt. Gibbs, arrived in port yesterday from Boston, consigned to Geo. Harriss, Son & Co.

— Miss Daisy Cronly will receive a few pupils of the primary grade, commencing on October 16th. See advertisement.

— There were opened New River oysters on the market yesterday for the first time this season. They sold at $1.00 per gallon readily.

— A small fire in a one-story frame house, No. 110 Bradley's alley, belonging to Messrs. Fore & Foster, called out the department yesterday at 1 o'clock. The damage was slight.

— James Jordan, colored, was committed to jail from Justice Bornemann's court yesterday in default of bond for his appearance at Criminal Court to answer the charge of slander.

—The schooner *J. Percy Bartram*, Capt. Lord, cleared yesterday afternoon with a cargo of lumber for Port-Au-Prince by the master as agent. She will be towed to Southport this morning.

— The Norwegian barge *Argo* from Pernambuco, which has been detained at quarantine for several days, came up to this port last evening. She is consigned to Messrs. Heide & Co., and will probably load with naval stores.

— The National Bank of Wilmington avails itself of the superior circulation of the STAR to make known its excellent facilities for accommodating the public. Its announcement will be found in our advertising columns.

— Mr. John McCartney has purchased the farm known as the Elder place, adjoining that of Mr. John G. Wagner, in Masonboro township, and has built on it a nice six-room dwelling. He will make the place his home.

— The new hose wagons for the Fire Department have been completed by the Wilmington Iron Works and now all that is needed is a coat of bright paint to add to their appearance, and they will be formally turned over to Chief Schnibben.

— Spirits turpentine reached the high water mark for the season on the local market yesterday. The quotations were firm at 48½ to 49½ cents with receipts of only 43 casks. On the corresponding date last year the market was firm at 28½@29 cents.

— While on a visit to Mount Airy recently Capt. S. W. Skinner bought two fine Jersey cows. One of them is guaranteed to give 7½ gallons of milk per day. This one will be kept in town, while the other will be sent to "Appleton," the farm of Mr. Louis H. Skinner.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Just received.
Opera House—Washburn's Great Southern Minstrels.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Wanted—Furnished rooms.
Young Lady—Position wanted.
Miss Daisy Cronly—Pupils wanted.

SOUTH CAROLINIANS HERE.

A Number of Darlington's Citizens to Attend Superior Court.

One of the cases set for trial to-day brings a number of South Carolinians to the city. There were registered at The Orton some twelve or fifteen persons from Darlington and Florence, mainly the former town. The case is the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company vs. J. P. Kirvan. Among the South Carolinians here are C. S. McCullough, of Darlington, manager of the Darlington branch of the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company; Geo. W. Brown, Esq., of Darlington, counsel for Mr. Kirvan; P. A. Willcox, Esq., of Florence, and R. L. Dargan, of Darlington, counsel for the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company. Editor A. G. Kollock, of the Darlington *News*, is among the witnesses.

The Virginia Carolina Chemical Company are the plaintiffs in the action. They claim to have sold a quantity of fertilizer to Mr. Kirvan and to have taken a lien on his cotton crop as security. They charge that he shipped 100 bales of the cotton to Wilmington, compelling the company to get out an attachment.

Those present to attend the case besides those already mentioned are:

E. E. Kroen, H. L. Charles, W. O. Parrott, George E. Daragn, J. R. Coggeshall, S. A. Woods, W. P. Calls.

On the River Front.

The steamer *E. A. Hawes*, Capt. Black, which is on the Fayetteville run in place of the *Hurt*, arrived last night and will clear to-day on her return trip up Black river, going as far as Mill Creek. She will make a quick trip of it and will be back again Friday to clear again for Fayetteville, as it appears the *Hurt* will not be ready to resume her trips for several days.

The *Driver* is expected down early this morning from Tar Heel with a party of excursionists on board to "take in" the circus. She will probably clear on the return to-night or to-morrow.

The *Seabright*, Capt. Sanders, came in as usual from Little River last night.

THE MASONIC FAIR.

Another Enthusiastic Meeting of Masons Was Held Last Night.

AN ADDRESS BY COL. MARTIN.

He Gave An Outline of the Progress of the Work and Expressed Satisfaction. Remarks by Other Members of the Fraternity.

At a meeting of Masons last night at St. John's Lodge, Col. Noble F. Martin presided and Mr. W. P. Monroe kept a record of the proceedings. Col. Martin made a report showing what had been accomplished so far. He said in part:

"There is every indication that the fair to be held in the new Masonic Temple, Nov. 13-25, for the benefit of the temple fund, will be a success, and that it will prove an event in the Masonic annals which will be referred to with gratification for many years to come.

"But you certainly cannot expect to accomplish big results unless every man puts his shoulder to the wheel and helps it along. Certainly the citizens of Wilmington have responded nobly to the cause. I do not think I have been refused a donation in but one place in the city. The success attaining the preparatory work up to this time, has not been achieved without labor. Thus far there has been sent out 1,359 letters, 300 postal cards, 100 newspapers and 182 circulars. Besides this clerical work, much personal endeavor has found tangible results. Over 146 donations have been received, comprising 2,981 separate articles, and there is good reason to expect further large contributions in return for work already done, but not yet heard from."

The chairman added that donations were coming in rapidly. He said that about 130 share-books had been given out, many having been sent to persons outside of the city. He emphasized the necessity for more of the Masons in the city to take share-books. All of the 182 members of the fraternity should have books, and they ought to use every endeavor to place the shares. He said that the best way to get rid of the floating debt was to do it now—by making the Masonic Association Fair the success it can be made. He spoke of the contributions which had come from outside places, and said they were larger than at any place where he had conducted a fair. Five dollars had been sent from Boston, and similar amounts from New York and Baltimore. In the matter of share books Col. Martin explained particularly that takers were responsible only for the shares they sold.

Mr. M. S. Willard asked what would be expected of individual Masons during the Fair. He thought that while the Fair is in progress and from now until it opens, there would be opportunity for every Mason to do something. Beginning with the first meeting when the temple was discussed, held in 1895, a few had borne the whole brunt and the amount of work that had been done would be a revelation to many. He urged the necessity of every Mason taking hold and working hard, sacrificing if necessary personal comfort and even business interests to make the Fair a success. He explained how unforeseen expenses had caused a floating debt and he showed how necessary it was to get rid of it at once.

Mr. Ike Bear also made remarks looking to increased enthusiasm and energy in the work. He suggested that the lodges should canvass their members and see that every man is kept at work. The liberality of those who are not Masons was commented on by Mr. Bear.

On motion of Mr. W. P. Monroe, the masters of all the lodges were requested to summons their members to special meetings for the purpose of placing share books and otherwise encouraging enthusiasm.

Col. Martin stated that in response to inquiries if Masons and their families would be admitted to the Fair without expense that no passes would be granted.

The canvass for donations yesterday was made by Col. Martin, assisted by Mr. Ike Bear in the morning and Mr. C. W. Worth in the afternoon. The following were received:

The Worth Co., one-half barrel sugar, one case soap, one watch, two cases canned oysters; Owen F. Love & Co., one gasoline cook stove; Gieschen Bros., one case rye; Gieschen & Co., one case Montreal rye; F. T. Mills, one lap robe; Rheinstein Dry Goods Co., $10 worth of notions; A. D. Brown, one art square; Corbett & Co., one barrel patent cream flour; Swift & Co., one 23-pound can of lard; J. R. Turrentine Co., three hams; C. D. Maffitt, one-quarter dozen brooms; Stone, Rourk & Co., one box soap (100 cakes); Yopp & Helms, one bicycle lamp.

Col. Martin will leave here Friday night for New York city to attend a meeting of the Trustees of the Masonic Hall and Asylum Fund of the Grand Lodge of the State of New York, of which he is the secretary. He expects to get back here Tuesday or Wednesday of next week.

Meetings of the Commandery Booth and Orient Booth ladies' committees were held at The Orton yesterday afternoon, and there will be a meeting of the Concord Chapter committee at the same place at 5 o'clock this afternoon.

After Four Years.

Mr. J. H. Anderson, of this city, told a STAR reporter last night of rather an unusual occurrence. A letter which was mailed to his address from South Washington, N. C., on March 2d, 1895—over four years ago—reached him only yesterday, it having been delayed somewhere in transit. It is needless to say that when it did came it was welcomed by Mr. Anderson, who will keep it as a curiosity.

WILMINGTON MUSICAL ASSOCIATION MEETING.

Began Its Winter's Rehearsals Last Evening Under Flattering Auspices—Officers Elected for Ensuing Year.

There was a well attended meeting of the Wilmington Musical Association in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A. last evening, the occasion being the annual election of officers and the opening rehearsal for the season.

The business meeting claimed the attention of the enthusiastic gathering first, after which a very satisfactory rehearsal was enjoyed which was participated in by those present.

At the executive session the following officers were re elected for the ensuing year:

President—Col. A. M. Waddell.
Vice President—Miss Annie Hart.
Secretary and Treasurer—Mrs. Jas. Owen Reilly.
Musical Director—Mr. Ed. Munson.
Accompanist—Mr. A. H. Yopp
Music Committee—Mr. N. B. Rankin, Mr. A. S. Holden, Mrs. A. M. Waddell, Mrs. D. Sam Cox.
Executive Committee—Mr. N. B. Rankin, Mr. J. W. Reilly and Mr. Will Rehder.

It was decided to hold the regular winter rehearsals on Monday evenings in the parlors of the Y. M. C. A.

Numbered among the membership of the Association is some of the first musical talent of the city and the Winter's work promises to be the most enjoyable and beneficial since the formation of the organization.

The following is a list of the members:

Misses Annie Adrian, Annie Bowden, Alice Boatwright, Maggie Brown; Mrs. Luther Blue, Messrs. Swift Boatwright, R. C. Banks, Misses Mary Calder, Ada Cooper; Messrs. Charles Cooper, E. K. Calder; Mrs. George Cotchett, Mrs. J. W. Carmichael, Mrs. W. H. Chadbourn; Misses Annie B. DeRosset, Minnie Dock, Davie Duffy; Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Emerson, Mrs. Jno. Frank, Mrs. Gregg; Misses Annie Hart, Mattie Horne, Miss Hintz, Miss Lottie Haar, Mrs. W. L. LattaMrs. Chas. Myers, Mrs. Kate Meares; Misses Carrie Myers, Maud McLeod, Mary McKoy, Miss Mintz, Miss Mitie Miller, Messrs. E. H. Munson, J. T. Metts, J. Van B. Metts, Miss Maie O'Connor, Mrs. O'Neill, Misses Annie Platt and Nellie Platt, Miss Fair Payne, Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Rankin, Miss Mayeller Rankin, Mrs. John T. Rankin, Messrs. J. W. Reilly, James Owen Reilly, Will Rehder, E. Schulken, Mrs. J. T. Schonwald, Mrs. Joe Smith, Mrs. T. E. Sprunt, Miss Steljes, Misses Emma and Kate Stolter, Col. and Mrs. A. M. Waddell, Miss Waddell, Misses Hattie Whitaker, Emma West, Mrs. J. H. Watters, Mrs. C. W. Woodward, Miss Clara Woodward, Dr. and Mrs. C. P. Wertenbaker, Mr. Lonnie Williford, Mr. A. H. Yopp, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Holden.

At last night's meeting the following list of new members were received enthusiastically by the association:

Mrs. D. Sam Cox, Mrs. David Clark, Miss Annie Slagler, Miss Edith Bolles, Miss Lydia Yates, Mrs. E. C. Holt, Mr. Henry McFarland, Mr. Frank Westbrook, Mr. and Mrs. McMillen.

THE EASTERN ASSOCIATION.

Met Yesterday at 11 O'clock at Mount Holly Baptist Church Near South Washington.

At the Eastern Baptist Association which met at Mt. Holly Church, near South Washington, yesterday at 11 o'clock the introductory sermon was preached by Rev. N. B. Cobb in the absence of Rev. R. C. Sandlin who was on the programme. Rev. J. J. Payseur, of Brooklyn Baptist Church, preached to an overflow meeting in the grove.

Among those who went up from Wilmington yesterday morning were Dr. C. S. Blackwell, pastor of the First Baptist Church; Messrs. S. G. Hall and B. F. Keith, delegates from the First Baptist Church; Rev. J. J. Payseur, Rev. J. H. Hildreth and Mr. D. L. Gore, delegates from Brooklyn Baptist Church; Mr. J. F. Littleton, delegate from Southside Baptist Church; Rev. R. H. Hewlett and Mr. J. G. Walton, delegates from Masonboro Baptist Church; Rev. E. J. Edwards, representing the *North Carolina Baptist* of Fayetteville; Mrs. L. K. Taylor and Mr. M. F. McClammy.

Several prominent Baptists came down to attend the Association on the southbound W. & W. train yesterday afternoon. They were Mr. J. C. Caddell, of the *Biblical Recorder*; Rev. J. E. White, Secretary of the Board of Missions; Mr. Archibald Johnson, of *Charity and Children*.

Rev. J. J. Payseur and Mr. B. F. Keith returned to the city last evening to spend the night.

On the programme for to day is a missionary sermon by Rev. Dr. Blackwell.

Municipal Court Yesterday.

In the Mayor's Court yesterday morning cases were disposed of as follows:

Louis Terminas, disorderly conduct; fined $10, of which half was remitted.

Sib Baldwin, an old colored offender, was given thirty days in the guard house for disorderly conduct and fighting.

Alex. Inmann, a colored cart driver, was fined $5 for fast driving on Fourth street bridge. He was arrested by Policeman Bowen.

Will Make This His Home.

Mr. Jno. F. Maloney, the popular and well known commercial traveller for the large wholesale shoe and leather house of Messrs. Stern & Co., of Richmond, Va., has been spending several days in Wilmington and has been so impressed with the many advantages of the city that he has decided to move his family here and make this his headquarters for the future. Mr. Maloney and family will have a suite of rooms at The Orton.

WALLACE'S BIG SHOWS ARE IN WILMINGTON.

Will Give Two Superb Performances Today and To-night—Show in Wilson Yesterday—The Parade.

By the time this issue of the STAR reaches many of its readers the Great Wallace Shows, with their long train of cars for the circus paraphernalia and menagerie and their magnificent coaches for the employes of the show, will have arrived at Wilmington and thes pacious grounds just this side of the Street Railway terminal at Hilton will gradually be transformed by hurrying circus laborers from a barren waste to a veritable village, with the mammoth tent of the main show overshadowing the various side shows, ticket stands, animal cages, etc., that go to make up a big circus, such as the Wallace people are carrying with them this season.

A gentleman, who came down from Wilson last night, said that the performance there yesterday was the best seen in the south this season and that lovers of the ring and admirers of the trapeze performance would miss a rare treat if they failed to "take in" the show here to-day. The show trains were scheduled to leave Wilson last night at 11 o'clock and to arrive here at 4 o'clock this morning. One of the Coast Line's mammoth engines of ten driving wheels, was sent over from Rocky Mount yesterday afternoon to assist in pulling the train in this morning. The stop will be made at Hilton and the work of putting everything in readiness for the grand street parade at 10 o'clock this morning and the performance at noon to-day will be immediately begun. The parade will embrace the principal streets of the city, and there will be two exhibitions—afternoon and night.

The Wilmington Street Railway has made special efforts to handle the large crowds and more cars than were ever in service on the tracks in Wilmington before will be put in operation. A ten minutes schedule will be maintained as usual but there will be special cars from Princess street junction to Hilton for the crowds brought in on the cars from around "the belt." The connection with the Seaboard Air Line train will not be made, in order to better accommodate the circus goers.

A special squad of police will be sworn in this morning and perfect order on the streets and at the grounds is assured.

The Atlantic & Yadkin train last evening brought a good crowd of up-country people down for the occasion and numbers of others are expected on the morning trains to-day. One fare for the round trip is given on all railroads.

AUDIT AND FINANCE.

City Board Met Yesterday Afternoon and Transacted Regular Routine of Work. Mr. Slocum's Bond.

Routine matters only engaged yesterday's session of the City Board of Audit and Finance, which met at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. Present at the meeting were Mr. H. C. McQueen, the chairman, Mr. C. W. Yates and Mr. Jesse Wilder.

One coupon of $25 due January 1st, 1899, and 878 coupons, aggregating in amount $18,487.50, and due July 1st, 1899, which had been paid, were burned by the board.

Mr. W. R. Slocum, who has the contract for doing the city scavenger work, presented his bond as such in the sum of $400, given in the "American Bonding and Trust Company of Baltimore City," and it was approved. A certified check on the bank which Mr. Slocum had deposited as security until bond arrived, was surrendered to him.

The tax ordinance with reference to "Markets, private" was amended so as to make the license tax of $100 per annum payable annually in advance, in lieu of quarterly, in concurrence with the action of the Board of Aldermen.

The special appropriation of $700 made by the Board of Aldermen for improvements to the guard house was also approved.

The action of the Aldermen in appropriating an additional $150 for the purchase of a mule in the street cleaning department, to take the place of one lost recently, was also approved.

Bills were audited and approved as follows:

Current expenses	$ 4,766.39
Coupons	18,512.50
Interest	602.50
Total	$23,881.39

The hour for the regular meetings was changed to 8 o'clock P. M., instead of 3 P. M. as heretofore.

White Patent Axle and Hub Co.

A consignment of machinery for the manufacture of the new axle and hub recently invented by Mr. F. P. White, of Brunswick county, and which is being pushed by the White Patent Axle & Hub Co., of this city, has arrived and will be placed soon. The manufacture of these articles will be commenced in a few weeks on an extensive scale; in fact the machinery already here has a capacity claimed by the manufacturers of turning out axles at the rate of over 200 per day. The machinery referred to is of the very latest pattern and is the same as that now in use by prominent carriage builders all over the country.

A prominent stockholder in the concern last night stated to a STAR representative that the prospects were exceedingly bright for the future of the company.

A SUIT FOR DAMAGES

Against the City of Wilmington Asking for $25,000 With the Costs.

BROUGHT BY MRS. J. STRAUSS

Alleging Gross Negligence by Which Her Husband Lost His Life—Yesterday's Session of New Hanover Superior Court—Jury for To-day.

Yesterday the entire session of the Superior Court was taken up in arranging for the suit and hearing a part of the plaintiff's testimony in the case of Mrs. Jessie B. Strauss, executrix of W. H. Strauss, in an action for alleged damages to the amount of $25,000 against the City of Wilmington. The entire morning hours were consumed in selecting a jury, counsel for both sides having exhausted all the peremptory challenges and many for cause. At length the following jury was empanelled and the case entered upon after the dinner hour: W. L. Bell, C. W. Craig, George T. Hewlett, K. H. Snell, E. D. Craig, T. D. Love, W. J. Meredith, J. D. Dennis, S. H. Mintz, James Milan, T. E. Heath, W. B. Bowden.

For the plaintiff the attorneys were Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy, Bellamy & Bellamy and A. J. Marshall, Esq. For the city appeared Geo. Rountree, Esq., Bryan & McNeill and City Attorney Meares. The case is an important one and has been in the courts since 1896.

The complainant alleges that on or about January 11th, 1896, the city caused to be graded and excavated a certain public path or crossing leading from the western side of Third street between Chesnut and Mulberry, north of Cochran's alley, to the intersection of Grace with Third street, the same having been used as a public crossing for a period of more than 20 years. That the defendant excavated the crossing to a depth of two or more feet and "negligently, carelessly and wilfully" allowed the same to remain open without the necessary lights, safeguards or warnings to pedestrians. That the plaintiff's testator returning to his home at night, when about to pass over said public crossing, without negligence on his part, fell into the excavation and sustained serious and fatal injuries, suffering great bodily pain and anguish until said injury caused his death six months afterwards.

The plaintiff asks for damages to the amount mentioned, together with costs of the action.

A part of the witnesses for the plaintiff were heard yesterday afternoon as follows: W. H. Strauss, a son of the deceased, who was accompanying his father at the time of the accident, Dr. T. S. Burbanks, an attending physician, W. A. Howey, B. C. Moore, Capt. T. D. Meares, W. H. Shaw, W. R. French, Jr., A. S. Holden and Tom Pae, all of whom have knowledge of the condition of the street at the time the accident occurred.

Court adjourned at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon during the progress of the trial, which will be taken up again this morning and further testimony heard for the plaintiff as well as evidence which will be submitted in behalf of the city. The jury was dismissed also until the re convening of the session this morning.

The following cases set for yesterday could not be reached: W. B. Slade vs. Trustees Shiloh Baptist Church; J. D. Sidbury vs. W. T. Bannerman; H. A. Burr vs. T. Frank Simmons; R. W. Smith vs. Inter-State Telephone and Telegraph Company.

The cases on the docket set for today are Metta H. Hullen vs. City of Wilmington, and the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company vs. J. P. Kirvan, but it is not probable that any of these will be reached.

The following special jury has been drawn to serve to-day in connection with the regular jury for the week: James T. Jarratt, T. N. Justice, T. H. McGee, W. A. Baldwin, Adolph Nelson, W. A. J. Yopp, C. H. Dollar, L. A. Hewlett, Fred Koonce, G. A. Cardwell, E. V. Balser, L. M. Smith, Robert Scott, J. S. Potter, Hugh MacRae, James E. Hall, E. A. Kerr, E. R. Chadwick. The number drawn is eighteen, by special order of Judge Bryan, so as to eliminate the trouble in selecting, which delayed yesterday's session for more than two hours.

WASHBURN'S GREAT MINSTRELS.

Will Begin a Two Days' Engagement Here Friday—A Number One Attraction.

The Wilmington Opera House management will tender to its patrons a suitable attraction in "The Great Southern Minstrels," which are to play engagements there next Friday and Saturday evenings. All lovers of bright and tuneful music will thoroughly enjoy the entertainment, as particular attention has been paid to that portion of the programme. The company's quartette has made a most enviable reputation for itself wherever heard, the *ensemble* singing being almost flawless, while the soloists which include Master Tommy McKenna, the famous boy baritone of New York, are all vocalists of the highest order. One of the best orchestras, sixteen in number, ever carried by a minstrel company, will render selections from famous composers. The orchestra is under the personal direction of Mr. W. L. Munn, a musical director of note in the musical world. A matinee will be given on Saturday afternoon at the usual hour.

— The excursion to Charlotte returned to the city this morning at 1 o'clock.

The National Bank of Wilmington.

Capital and Surplus, $118,000.

We offer you our services as Bankers. We use every effort in our power to serve the interests of our customers. Try us, and see if we do not please you in every way.

JNO. S. ARMSTRONG, PRESIDENT.
J. W. YATES, ACTING CASHIER.

Principal Correspondents.

THE NATIONAL PARK BANK, NEW YORK.
THE WESTERN NATIONAL BANK, NEW YORK.
THE FOURTH STREET NATIONAL BANK, PHILADELPHIA.
THE MERCHANTS' NATIONAL BANK, BALTIMORE.

oct 1 tf

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. Tom DeRosset left last night for New York.

— Sheriff F. W. Hargett, of Onslow county, is in the city.

— Mr. T. B. Henderson and son, of Jacksonville, are here.

— Editor C. Ed. Taylor, of Southport, came up to the city yesterday.

— Capt. J. E. Kelly, of the A. C. L. at Florence, S. C., is in the city.

— Col. K. D. Urquhart, of Saltville, Va., arrived in the city last evening.

— Mr. H. A. Townsend, of Raynham, is in the city on a business trip.

— Capt. Jeff D. Sessoms, of Stedman, came down to the city on business last night.

— Wade Wishart, Esq., of Whiteville, was among the visitors to the city yesterday.

— Miss Irene Simpson, a charming young lady of Point Caswell, is in the city visiting friends.

— Mr. E. A. Hawes and daughter, of Atkinson, N. C., were among last evening's arrivals in the city.

— Dr. E. Porter was here yesterday, on his way to his oyster beds at Bay View in Onslow county.

— Mrs. B. F. King and children returned yesterday from their Summer outing at Lenoir, N. C.

— The STAR was glad to have a call yesterday from Editor A. G. Kollock, of the Darlington *News*.

— Mrs. Robert Strange and children returned to the city last evening. Dr. Strange went up to Wilson yesterday morning to meet them.

— Jno. H. Gore, Jr., Esq., of Wilmington, and H. E. Frazier, Esq., of Whiteville, went up the W. & W. yesterday morning on professional business.

— Hon. Franklin McNeill returned yesterday morning from Raleigh, where he went Sunday to attend the meeting of the Corporation Commission.

— Misses Emmie McRacken and May Richardson, of Whiteville, arrived yesterday and will leave to-day for the Greensboro Normal and Industrial College.

— Misses Inez Moore and Nellie Newton, of Southport, and Miss Mattie Taylor, of Town Creek, came up on the *Wilmington* last evening and will leave this morning for Greensboro to attend the State Normal and Industrial College.

Prof. Kingsbury's Exhibition.

Through an inadvertency the STAR made no reference yesterday morning to the exhibition in hypnotism by Prof. Walter R. Kingsbury at the Opera House Monday night. The performance was really a meritorious one, and as a demonstration of the wonderful control one mind may wield over another by exercising the gifts of the mysterious art, it was not one whit behind the entertainments given here and in other cities in the South by Prof. Lee, whose achievements in this respect have been the subject of newspaper comment everywhere.

There was a good attendance at the show and everybody enjoyed an evening of genuine pleasure. The mirth provoking antics which he compelled fifteen or more subjects to perform by the exercise of his hypnotic powers was marvellous, and kept the audience in an uproar of laughter for the entire evening.

Monday morning Prof. Kingsbury placed one of his subjects in a hypnotic sleep, and displayed him as an illustration of his wonderful acquired powers in one of the large plate glass show windows of the Fishblate Clothing Co., where he was kept until the night's entertainment, when he was awakened to take a part in the exercises of the evening.

Prof. Kingsbury will be urged to repeat the performance at a very early date.

The Local Cotton Market.

In the commercial columns of the STAR this morning may be found a comparative statement of the receipts of cotton and naval stores at the port of Wilmington for the month of September. The report, which is compiled by the secretary of the Produce Exchange and therefore accurate, shows that this crop year's receipts of cotton are 14,578 bales ahead of the receipts for the same period in 1898. The monthly receipts of naval stores also present a very favorable comparison, considering the shortage of crop attributable to the severe freezes of the preceding Winter. The local cotton market yesterday, in sympathy with the New York and Liverpool markets, was very strong and closing quotations were posted at 6¾ cents on a basis of middling, which means 7¼ cents and upwards for the higher grades. The receipts yesterday were 1,610 bales, against 2,347 on the corresponding date last year.

Vollers & Hashagen,

sell D. S. Sides, Plates, Pork.
Vollers & Hashagen sell Squires' Bellies.
Vollers & Hashagen sell Smoked Meats.
Vollers & Hashagen sell Choice Leaf Lard.
Vollers & Hashagen sell Canned Meats.
Vollers & Hashagen Headquarters Provisions.
Vollers & Hashagen Sell for Packers and if the Packers are not lower than others, who in the world are? We are seeking reliable dealers and don't sell their trade. We are

WHOLESALERS ONLY

sep 24 tf Nutt street, A. C. Line tracks

Just received to-day.

FIRST SHIPMENT OF MALAGA GRAPES,

20c per pound.

FANCY DELAWARE AND NIAGARA GRAPES, FIVE POUND BASKETS,

25c per basket.

All Kinds of Fruits and Candies.

J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.,
304 Princess street.
Inter-State 'Phone 132. oct 4 tf

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF Districts Nos. 1 and 2,

Wilmington township, county of New Hanover,

Will begin their next session on Monday, Oct. 9th, 1899.

New pupils should present themselves to the Superintendent for examination this week. Prof. Blair will be in his office at the Hemenway School Building, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday mornings between the hours of ten and twelve o'clock.

JAMES H. CHADBOURN, Chairman District No. 2.
JAMES FRANCIS POST, Chairman District No. 1.
oct 3 2t

FOR SALE.

An elegant Building Lot, size 66x165, only three squares from the Market,

for $1,600.00

I also have a Large Store on Market street for rent, and several fine residences for sale.

CUMMING,

Real Estate Agent and Notary Public.
oct 3 tf

NOTICE.

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Carolina Central Railroad Co.

PORTSMOUTH, VA., SEPT. 6TH, 1899.

The regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Carolina Central Railroad Company will be held in the Front street office of the Company in the city of Wilmington, State of North Carolina, on Thursday, the 5th day of October, A. D., 1899, at one o'clock P. M.

JOHN H. SHARP, Secretary.
sep 7 till oct 5

Hamme, The Hatter

Has just received a full stock of Hats and Caps of Latest Styles and at Lowest Prices. Only regular HAT STORE in the city.

sep 30 tf

Stop

and think how much you save by trading at

The Unlucky Corner.

Pure Water Ground Meal	13c peck
Pearl Hominy	15c peck
2 lb can Tomatoes	06c can
3 lb can Tomatoes	05c can
17 lb Granulated Sugar	$1.00
15 lb Cut Loaf Sugar	1.00
A Good Roasted Coffee	12 1-2c lb

All grades from this up to the finest.

"Seal Brand," Mocha and Java

S. W. SANDERS.

sep 28 tf

OPERA HOUSE

Two Nights, Commencing **Friday, October 6th.**

Grand Matinee Saturday.

Washburn's Great Southern Minstrels. A Sumptuous Musical First Part. All the New and Old Songs. Ten Funny Comedians. A Galaxy of Vaudeville Artists. See the Magnificent Spectacular Parade. Reserved seats on sale at usual prices. oct 4 3t

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hope Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance, that is the rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 4.

STOP MEDDLING.

Some time ago the New York *Journal* contained an editorial on Booker T. Washington's reception at Atlanta when he went there to deliver his address to the colored people of that city. This editorial called forth the following from ex-Governor Bullock, of Georgia, who was then at one of the Summer resorts in Rhode Island:

"The advice and counsel you give to the colored people to profit by Professor Washington's example and teaching is excellent, and I only wish it were possible for every intelligent negro to read your article,

Let me say for Atlanta and for Georgia that this is not the first evidence given of appreciation of colored men who by their character and life at the head of their homes command the respect of all of their white fellow citizens, irrespective of political or party affiliations. Four years ago, at the opening exercises of the Cotton States' Exposition at Atlanta Prof. Washington was unanimously invited by a board of 52 directors, all of whom but myself and one other were Democrats, to be one of the leading speakers. He appeared on the platform with the governor of the State, the mayor of the city, the director general and president of the exposition; the chairman of the woman's board, and many of the most distinguished ladies of the State. There was in this no "social" feature. It was the manhood and womanhood of Georgia recognizing by their presence on that platform the honest efforts of a colored man from an adjoining State to make better and more useful the members of his race. And neither Professor Washington not any other, pursuing the same wise course, will ever lack for friends in Georgia.

"In the conclusion of your able editorial you say: 'But the Georgia people who will welcome their visitor make no pretence of being specially friendly to the blacks.' This is exactly true, but the people of Georgia are certainly not unfriendly to the blacks. Two of the most important Federal offices in our State—the collector of customs at Savannah and the collector of internal revenue at Atlanta—are filled by colored men. The good character and ability of both was endorsed for by the best white citizens in their respective homes, and the universal testimony now is that those offices have never been better conducted.

"The fact that colored citizens of Georgia, who were nearly all slaves 30 odd years ago, are now paying taxes on about ten million valuation of property is very high evidence of the kind and friendly spirit of their white neighbors, and of their own increasing usefulness as citizens. Their advance from absolute illiteracy to a fair standing, by comparison, in the common school studies, is additional evidence that their surroundings are not hostile or prejudicial in the State at large. Sporadic cases of lynch law are not confined to our section of the country. But if all will emulate the example of our Gov. Candler, who is successfully exercising his authority to sustain the majesty of the law, better conditions will prevail everywhere.

"Let every State and community do its best and stop meddling with its neighbors' affairs."

Rufus B. Bullock is a Republican, who was once, if he is not now, a prominent figure in Georgia politics, and he knows the negro perhaps as well as any white man does, and better than the majority of negroes know themselves. Such testimony coming from him ought to have its weight with the "meddlers" of other States who have no race problems of their own to settle, but insist upon having something to say about solving the problem for the Southern people and dictating how it shall be solved. They tried it years ago and made a mess of it by forcing the negro out of his proper position and into one for which he was in no way qualified. They fought every effort to bring him to his level, and the negro suffered all the time for in the effort to keep him on top he was alienated from the people who knew him best, who took the most real interest in him and would be his best friends if he had not been forced into a position of antagonism to them, and made the tool of unprincipled men to win and hold power. But the white men of the South are patiently working out that problem and with the co-operation of Booker T. Washington and other colored men who have the intelligence to grasp the situation and comprehend the question, they will successfully solve it and in a way that will be good for both races.

What Mr. Bullock says about the treatment of the deserving negro in Georgia is true of all the Southern States. There is not one of them in which the negro who is law-abiding, industrious and labors to honestly better himself without inviting the antagonism of white men, who will not meet with encouragement, win friendly interest and receive assistance if he need it. As far as we know a commendable object for the betterment of the negroes never appealed to the white people of the South in vain, notwithstanding the fact that the bulk of the negroes invariably antagonized the majority of the white people when public questions were to be decided at the polls. Under some almost incomprehensible influence the negroes permitted themselves to be led and controlled by men who had no interest whatever in them, and were never known to show any, men who had no more use for them after an election than a bear has for the bones of a pig it has feasted upon.

It is to free the negro from this element of political fakirs that qualified suffrage laws have been adopted in some of the Southern States, and why they will be adopted in others, North Carolina among the number. With the suffrage question settled, a long stride will be taken in the direction of solving the race problem, for that will remove a cause of much of the friction between the races, put an end to the conflicts that occur at nearly every election, make it impossible for designing white men, of little character to combine the blacks against the whites and lead them against their own interest. This is no proscription of the negro because he is a negro; it is simply a barrier raised against ignorance controlled by men without principle, a barrier raised for the protection of the State and for the protection of the negroes themselves against their worst enemies parading in the disguise of friends.

Booker T. Washington and other intelligent, honest negroes who do not live by politics know this and this is why they favor qualified suffrage, which does not effect the men of their race who have intelligence enough to form opinions of their own, but only that element which lacks the intelligence to keep their necks out of the yoke that some cunning knave has prepared for them.

Let those who are not interested quit "meddling," as Mr. Bullock says, and the Southern people will solve this problem as troublesome as it has been, and still may seem.

INCREASE IN EXPORTS.

While there was a considerable decrease in our exports of agricultural products during the past eight months as compared with the exports of the corresponding eight months of last year, there was a gratifying increase in our manufactured exports, as will be seen by the following, which we clip from the Philadelphia *Record*:

"During the eight months ended August 31 last, according to the figures of the Treasury Bureau of Statistics, our exports of agriculture products amounted in value to $472,828,939 as against $514,590,033 for the corresponding eight months in 1898. This reduction is well-nigh offset by the increase in exports of manufactured goods from $201,444,606 in eight months of last year to $247,228,916 during two-thirds of the current year. There has been a substantial increase, also, in exports of timber, ores and coal; so that the entire volume of our exports this year during the period under consideration is about $12,000,000 in excess of the exports for 1898. Of the nearly $45,000,000 increase in manufactured exports over $15,000,000 is represented by manufactures of iron and steel; and this branch of American trade is still growing at a rapid and unabated rate.

"With such an impressive object lesson ready to hand, and with the powerful stimulus of the National Export Exposition to encourage and develop foreign trade, the record in this regard for the remainder of the current year should be even more satisfactory to the friends of American industry than are the remarkable figures for eight months past."

The volume of our agricultural exports will always depend more or less upon the crop results abroad. Under normal conditions the old world does not produce food-stuffs enough for its population, so that we will always export more or less of these, but it is only short crops that will call for extraordinary shipments, and no amount of energy or perseverance on our part can change that. But the volume of our manufactured exports does depend much upon the energy and perseverance in finding and holding the markets found, and it is on them that we will have to depend for our commercial profits in the future. The success that we have scored in such a short while is proof of the push and resources of our manufacturers and of their ability to compete with the manufacturers of other countries.

A Philadelphia paper tells us how Archer Brown, the millionaire iron maker, got rich. He was a reporter on a Cincinnati paper in 1872, saved his salary until he had $8,000 laid away and then struck iron. The newspaper reporter who could save $8,000 on a Cincinnati salary must have had an extraordinary knack for managing money. Getting rich with him was an easy matter.

When that Chicago burglar man got through tussling with a big dog in a house he visited, it took about two yards of court plaster to cover the indentations made by the dog, and the dog didn't want any breakfast next morning.

A GILDED PARADISE.

Wm. Lloyd Garrison, who has taken an interest in the Baker family (Miss Jewett's combination) which is stranded in Boston, has written a letter to the New York *Times*, soliciting contributions. Taking this letter as a text, Samuel E. Shipp, of Newburg, N. Y., has written a letter, also published in the *Times*, in which he talks some hard sense to the Boston negro worshippers, who worship the negro afar off and let him scuffle when near by. We clip the following extract, a very apt, tersely and forcibly put illustration of "put yourself in his place":

"It must be borne in mind, likewise, that simply because a man's skin is black he is not essentially an angel; to the contrary, all statistics prove him to be, whether in the North or in the South, at times a very intractable fiend, and his suppression requires very heroic treatment. It is hardly fair to deride and abuse, without distinction, the whole people of the South because a small proportion of its inhabitants violate the law. If conditions were reversed and every negro in the South should suddenly make his home north of Mason and Dixon's line, knowing as well as I do the feeling here, I can safely assert that it would not be long before a race war would ensue, compared with which, for a time, Dante's conception of hell would be a gilded paradise."

And then, to show that he had no prejudice against the negro, he contributed to the fund and expressed a willingness to follow this up by contributing to a fund to support the Baker family if it becomes necessary to take up contributions for that purpose.

NOT TAKING MUCH STOCK IN IT.

Yesterday we made some remarks on the scheme to form a combine to control the cotton mills of the South and put them under one management. There are very good reasons why this scheme should not be received with favor and the indications are that while possibly some Southern mill men may favor it, there are many others who will not but will prefer to continue to do business in their own way. Col. Carr, of Durham, is one of these. He was in Richmond a few days ago and while there was interrogated as to what he thought of this scheme, when he replied:

"The mills are paying such handsome dividends that a syndicate cannot offer enough to induce stockholders to give up a good thing. I have stock in eleven cotton mills myself, and every one is paying well. No; the effort, if it is made, will not succeed."

A man who is interested in eleven mills ought to be able to form opinions as to the advisability of a change in our present methods. There are doubtless many others who agree with Col. Carr, and deem it the part of wisdom to hold this business, growing rapidly as it is, in our own hands and let well enough alone. We do know just where we are now, and can calculate somewhat on the future. With our mills in the hands of a combine we won't know anything, nor be able to make any calculations.

Mr. Post, president of the National Light, Heat and Power Company, has concocted a new compound, which he puts up in capsules, which when supplied with a certain quantity of water, will furnish electricity enough to light a house, drive an automobile or railway train. It is very cheap, too. A three grain one will furnish a 16-candle-power incandescent light, so that a fellow can carry his motive and illuminating combustibles in his vest pocket. If Mr. Post isn't claiming too much he is in it.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—They call Bryan a traitor for opposing imperialism, but what is Tom Reed, who wants our army recalled and that fifty millions per annum kept at home? But when Mr. Reed had the power to stop the waste he only reminded us that this was a billion-dollar country.—*Jacksonville, Fla., Times-Union and Citizen, Dem.*

—The British trade reports to the end of August show that the export of locomotives from the United Kingdom for the eight months of the present year were valued at $4,564,960 as against $4,074,275 for the corresponding time in 1898. This goes to show that the locomotive builders are in some measure recovering the trade lost through the protracted strikes of employes.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem..*

—It took the President a long time to get to it, but when he did reach Capt. Carter's case what he did to him was ample. It is pretty safe to say there will be no executive clemency, and so the attempt of Carter's friends to create an analogy in his favor by comparing his case to that of Dreyfus, fails miserably. Now let the captains partisans uncover those influential contractors who are charged with the captain's downfall and it is claimed got a part of his swag.—*Chattanooga Times, Dem.*

—Dewey has several excellent traits and one of them is that he never forgets his friends. Yesterday he gave evidence of this fact by naming the lion cub presented to him Chichester in honor of the English captain who stood by him in Manila bay at a time when complications with other powers seemed to be threatening. The incident is significant to those who are familiar with what actually took place in Manila bay while Dewey was blockading the city and waiting for reenforcements from America.—*Chicago News, Ind.*

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Dr. Bull's Pills cure Dyspepsia. Trial, 10 for 5c.

TWINKLINGS.

—"This climate disagrees with me," said Mr. Meekton's wife. And Mr. Meekton, who was reading absently exclaimed: "How does it dare?"

—Ida—"Would you refer to the wind as feminine?" Gerald—"I should think not." Ida—"But why not, Gerald?" Gerald—"Because it can whistle."

—Gentleman (Indignantly)—"When I bought this dog you said he was splendid for rats. Why, he won't touch them." Dog Dealer—"Well, ain't that splendid for the rats?"

—"This," said the professor, "is my conception of a perfect day." "How so?" asked the doctor. "I am comfortable without either straw hat, an overcoat or an umbrella."—*Chicago Tribune.*

—"This 'Gates Ajar' design is a handsome one," said the tombstone man. "It is just what I want," said the widow. "He never shut a door in all our married life without being told."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

—"I guess that ain't me," said little Ralph, as he gazed earnestly at a photograph of himself. "What makes you think it isn't?" asked his mother. "'Cause it's standin' still too long to be me," was the reply.

—"It's apparent," went on the fortune teller, "that you are a man destined to make his mark." "Begorry! that's wonderfull exclaimed Mulvayney, admiringly. "How did yez ever foind out I couldn't write?"

—Mr. Newrich—"You may not believe me, my lord, but I started life without a penny in my pocket, and look at me now! Lord Sangasuer—"You may not believe me, but I started in life without even a pocket."

—"Blame that boy o' mine!" exclaimed Farmer Stubblefield. "I b'lieve he's come home f'm school a bigger fool than when he went away. When the old roan mare broke down the pasture fence the other day, I said 'shucks!' and he told me shucks wasn't the correct word—I'd ort to said husks!"

—"Oh, Tom," faltered the blushing maid, as he slipped the sparkling diamond on her taper finger. "I ought not to accept as valuable a present as this from you?" "Yes," said Tom, "I thought you would be likely to say something of the kind. Here is the receipted bill, showing that it is paid for." By which means, dear young people, she likewise gratified her curiosity as to the cost of the sparkling diamond, and thus killed two birds, as it were, with one stone.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.

M. E. Church, South, Wilmington District.

Carver's Creek, Shiloh, October 7-8.
Elizabeth Singletaries, October 14-15.
Wilmington, Grace, Oct. 22-23.
Jacksonville and Richlands, Richlands, Oct. 28-29.
Bladen, Windsor, Nov. 4-5
Clinton, Clinton, Nov. 11-12.
Onslow, Tabernacle, Nov. 13-19.
Burgaw, Burgaw, Nov. 24.
Kenansville, Wesley's chapel, Nov. 25-26.
Magnolia, Rose Hill, Nov. 28.
Scott's Hill, Scott's Hill, Dec. 2-3.
Wilmington, Bladen Street (at night) Dec. 3.

R. F. BUMPASS,
Presiding Elder.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—146 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 9 barrels tar, 5 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—1,843 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 128 barrels rosin, 38 barrels tar, 1 barrel crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—253 bales cotton, 18 casks spirits turpentine, 2 barrels rosin, 39 barrels tar.

C. C. Railroad—142 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 96 barrels rosin, 24 barrels tar, 9 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—Cotton, 2,384 bales; spirits turpentine, 43 casks; rosin, 226 barrels; tar, 110 barrels; crude turpentine, 15 barrels.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 4, 1899.

STEAMSHIPS.

Slingsby (Br), 2,094 tons, Morck, J H Sloan & Co.
Marian (Br), 1,218 tons, Martin, Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Skuld (Nor), 913 tons, Olsen, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Isle of Ramsey, (Br), 1,062 tons, Williams. Alexander Sprunt & Son.
Roxby (Br), 1,964 tons, Shields, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Baron Douglass, 1,606 tons, Goudey, J H Sloan.
Almora (Br), 2,835 tons, Williams, Alex Sprunt & Son.
Aquila (Nor), 1,407 tons, Andersen, Alex Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Golden Ball, 272 tons, Gibbs, George Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Edith Sheraton (Br), 314 tons, Michelson, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.
Argo (Nor), 584 tons, Arentsen, Heide & Co.

BRIGS.

Caroline Gray, 289 tons, Meader, George Harriss, Son & Co.
M C Haskell, 350 tons, Wingfield. Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARGES.

Maria Dolores, 610 tons, Bonneau, Navassa Guano Co.
Standard Oil No. 58, 1,600 tons, Standard Oil Co.

A Little Sermon.

To be honest; to be kind; to earn a little and spend a little less; to make, upon the whole, a family happier for his presence; to renounce, when that shall be necessary, and not be imbittered; to keep a few friends, but these without capitulation; above all, on the same grim condition, to keep friends with himself—here is a task for all that a man has of fortitude and delicacy.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

Vehicular Persiflage.

"Is your new clerk automobile or a perambulator?"

"I don't understand you."

"You're dull. An automobile is full of push and a perambulator has to be pushed."—Detroit Free Press.

TICKETS GOOD FOR THIRTY DAYS

A Cheap Excursion Trip to Washington, Baltimore or Philadelphia, by the Seaboard Air Line.

You can buy of any Seaboard Air Line Agent tickets to the Philadelphia Export Exposition at the rate of one and one third fares for the round trip.

You can stop over at Washington or Baltimore, going or coming.

Your ticket will be good for thirty (30) days from date of purchase, only it must be used on or before December 2nd.

You can go by Norfolk and connecting steamship lines, or all rail.

Millions of dollars have been spent on this mammoth Industrial Exposition, an education itself.

Tickets on sale Tuesday and Thursday of each week until and including Tuesday, November 23rd, 1899.

KIDNAPED BY INDIANS

THRILLING STORY OF A WOMAN'S CAPTURE AND ESCAPE.

Plucky Mrs. Larimer Was the Heroine of an Exciting Adventure With the Bloodthirsty Sioux In Wyoming Territory In 1864.

While in Washington one day I saw come out of the department of justice a woman of attractive appearance. As she paused a moment on the step and looked with bright, observant eyes over at the White House and along Pennsylvania avenue, she presented a picture of comfortable, placid middle age. One of the attorneys from the Indian depredation claims department accompanied her to the door, and after she bade him goodby he said:

"That woman is Mrs. Sarah L. Larimer of Nebraska, and she is making her yearly visit to Washington. When at the capital, she always calls on her friends in the department of justice. The files of Indian depredation claims contain no more romantic and thrilling incidents than those which relate the early life of Mrs. Larimer. Those who meet her now as a woman of the present day, quite abreast of the times in which she lives, interested in all public questions and full of kindly sympathies, can scarcely realize that in her youth she was the heroine of a regular 'dime novel' story of the plains.

"In 1864 Lieutenant Larimer, who had just been honorably discharged from the Union army, left his home in Kansas, accompanied by his young wife and little child, to cross the plains for the restoration of his health, which had given out through hard service in the war. They were in company with several other travelers and had with them valuable personal belongings, consisting of several wagons and horses, expensive clothing, family jewels, a complete photographic outfit and nearly $4,000 in money. When in Wyoming territory, they were surprised by a band of Sioux Indians, who murdered three of the party, wounded two, Lieutenant Larimer being one of the wounded, and captured Mrs. Larimer and her child. The Indians took the woman and child to their camp, about 70 miles from the spot where they had attacked the travelers.

"A day or two after the attack news came to the Eleventh cavalry, stationed at Fort Laramie, Wy., that the Sioux had attacked travelers on the emigrant road and had carried Mrs. Larimer and her child into captivity. Lieutenant Larimer had been found, nearly dead from arrow wounds and distracted at the fate which had befallen his wife and baby. The officers of the Eleventh immediately moved part of their command up the Platte river and obtained further information as to where the raid had taken place. They were about to move against the Indians with a force of two companies when Mrs. Larimer came crawling into camp, carrying her child in her arms. Their condition was deplorable. She and the child were nearly famished. As soon as Mrs. Larimer was able she gave a detailed account of the position of the Indians, their plans and movements, their designs against the command which they knew would be moving against them, their numbers and the ambuscades which they had prepared. Her information was so valuable that the officers were able to thwart the designs of the Indians, not only against the pursuing troops, but against exposed points and trains that were on the emigrant road.

"The officers found the information Mrs. Larimer gave as to the position and movements of the Indians to be exactly as she had said and marveled at the powers of observation and clearness of memory which had endured through the hours of torture she had gone through. The accuracy of her statements was particularly verified by the fact that one of the lieutenants and a few of his men, who had disobeyed orders and followed a trail apart from the command, fell into an ambuscade described by Mrs. Larimer and were killed.

"Mrs. Larimer was never quite clear as to how many hours she had passed with the Indians. From the moment of captivity, when they had started off with her child and herself in their train, she had concentrated every faculty on watching for an opportunity of escape. She had seen her husband struck down by arrows, killed, as she supposed; had seen the wagons fired and her friends killed and wounded. She had read of the tortures inflicted by Indians upon women captives, never imagining that one day she would be their wretched victim. She was determined, if possible, to get herself and child away from their clutches and die in some other way than by their tortures. She had always been a girl of fearless disposition, quick in her movements and very observant. She pretended to be bodily in a languid and almost immovable state. After hours of waiting and watching their dances and listening to their plans for further depredations, when they had ceased to observe her, she found a chance to slip away beyond the fires into the dark bush. For hours and hours, through two days and nights, she struggled on, faint, nearly dead, until she fell exhausted in the camp of the cavalry.

"It was a happy time, of course, when she found her young husband alive. All they had in the world was gone, but after the horrors of their experience had passed away a little and health was in a measure restored they started out afresh. Mrs. Larimer has always been the business manager of the firm. Her husband never had his health completely restored."—Philadelphia Times.

Locusts are an article of food in parts of Africa, Arabia and Persia of such importance that the price of provisions is influenced by the quantity of the dried insects on hand.

Death of Heroes In Fiction.

It is astonishing what a human interest the reading public takes in an author's heroes and heroines. Mr. Snowden Ward declares that when Dickens was writing "The Old Curiosity Shop" he was overwhelmed with letters from the most distinguished men and women begging him not to kill Little Nell. They declared it would be too cruel and waited on his verdict as an anxious family on that of the physician.

Dickens did not care to do away with her himself, but it was necessary that he should do so. Little Nell was a character with too little of the earth earthy about her to assimilate with those around her, no matter how well meaning they might have been. Her finer feelings would have made her unhappy, and the little country churchyard was the best place for her.

And Thackeray. How he was implored not to kill Colonel Newcome. How he was rated for reducing so noble a man to poverty in his old age, while the meaner mortals around him lived and throve. Kipling had to give a second version of his "The Light That Failed" in order to please the public, and who knows but Shakespeare was chided for the unhappy taking off of Lear and Cordelia? But the public, though soft hearted in the concrete, is a flint in the abstract. It soaks its handkerchief with tears over the consumptive cough of that shady Parisian Camille and turns a nice homemade understudy out on the cold world to eat snowballs or cold potatoes."—Louisville Times.

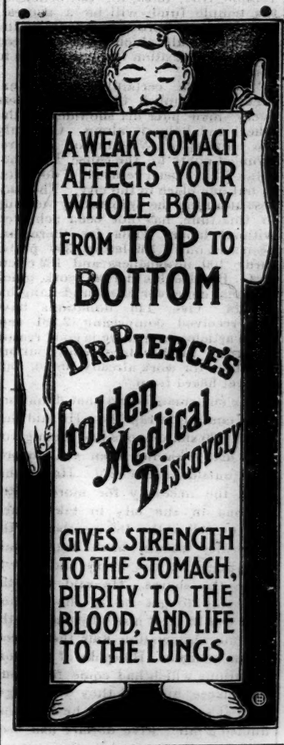
WORRY.

What This Foolish, Enervating Habit Does For Mankind.

Worry is forethought gone to seed. Worry is discounting possible future sorrows so that the individual may have present misery. Worry is the father of insomnia. Worry is the traitor in our camp that dampens our powder, weakens our aim. Under the guise of helping us to bear the present and to be ready for the future worry multiplies enemies within our mind to sap our strength.

Worry is the dominance of the mind by a single, vague, restless, unsatisfied, fearing and fearful idea. The mental energy and force that should be concentrated on the successive duties of the day is constantly and surreptitiously abstracted and absorbed by this one fixed idea. The full, rich strength of the unconscious working of the mind, that which produces our best success, that represents our finest activity, is tapped, led away and wasted on worry.

Worry must not be confused with anxiety, though both words agree in meaning originally, a "choking," or a "strangling," referring, of course, to the throttling effect upon individual activity. Anxiety faces large issues of life seriously, calmly, with dignity. Anxiety always suggests hopeful possibility; it is active in being ready and devising measures to meet the outcome. Worry is not one large individual sorrow; it is a colony of petty, vague, insignificant, restless, imps of fear, that become important only from their combination, their constancy, their iteration.—William George Jordan in The Saturday Evening Post.



WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	7
Standard		@	7¼
Burlaps	5	@	5¼
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	12¼
Sides ℔ ℔		@	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	7¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	6½
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	5¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 25	@	1 35
New York, each		@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	25	@	30
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	47	@	47½
Virginia Meal	47	@	47½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 25
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	13	@	14
Dairy Cream		@	15
State		@	11
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	10	@	12¼
Rio	7	@	8
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	15	@	16½
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	4 25	@	4 75
Mullets, dark barrel	6 00	@	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	4 00	@	4 25
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	11	@	18
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	32	@	53½
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	50
Oats, from store	38	@	40
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	65
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint	10	@	12½
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	80	@	85
Western	80	@	85
North River	80	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔—		@	3
ILLUMINATING OILS—			
Diamond White, bbls, ℔ gal		@	11½
Alaudin Security "		@	12½
Pratt's Astral "		@	13½
Carandine "		@	13
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	6	@	7
North Carolina	7	@	8
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	30 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
Common mill	5 00	@	6 50
Fair mill	6 50	@	8 00
Prime mill	8 50	@	10 00
Extra mill	10 00	@	10 50
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	25
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	28	@	30
Porto Rico, in barrels	25	@	30
Sugar House, in hogsheads	12	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	35
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 80	@	3 00
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 50	@	10 00
Rump		@	9 50
Prime		@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	32
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
In 125 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, 7-inch, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Sawn	2 50	@	2 75
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5⅝	@	5¾
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	9 00	@	10 00
Mill, Prime	7 50	@	8 75
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 00
Common Mill	5 00	@	6 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 50	@	5 00
SHINGLES, N.C. Cypress sawed ℔ M 6x24 Saps	7 50	@	8 50
" Saps	5 00	@	6 00
5x20 Heart	3 00	@	3 50
" Saps	2 00	@	2 50
6x24 Heart	5 00	@	6 50
" Saps	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	1 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	15	@	17

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 3.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 49¼ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 48¾ cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 90 cents per barrel for Strained and 95 cts for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.30 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market firm at $1.50 per barrel for Hard, $2.80 for Dip, and —— for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine firm at 29@28½c bid; rosin, nothing doing;; tar steady at $1.20; crude turpentine, nothing.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	43
Rosin	226
Tar	110
Crude Turpentine	15

Receipts same day last year.—29 casks spirits turpentine, 78 bbls rosin, 145 bbls tar, 00 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 6⅞ cts per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	4 7-16 cts.	℔ lb
Good Ordinary	5 13-16 "	"
Low Middling	6 7-16 "	"
Middling	6⅞ "	"
Good Middling	7¼ "	"

Same day last year middling 4⅞c.

Receipts— 2,384 bales; same day last year, 3,647.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 85c. Extra prime, 90c per bushel f 28 pounds; fancy, $1.05. Virginia—Prime, 55c; extra prime, 60c; fancy, 65c.

CORN—Firm; 52 to 52½ cents per bushel for white.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tide-water) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 10 to 11c per pound; shoulders, 7 to 8c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $2.25 to 3.25; six-inch, $4.00 to 5.00: seven-inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 9.00 per M.

Cotton and Naval Stores.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For month of September, 1899.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
60,058	2,830	10,531	6,239	1,137

RECEIPTS.

For month of September, 1898.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
45,480	2,464	12,549	5,515	744

EXPORTS.

For month of September, 1899.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	473	3,672	1,105	7,582	1,172
Foreign	42,957	000	12,027	1,000	000
	42,957	3,672	13,132	8,582	1,172

EXPORTS.

For month of September, 1898.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic	1,272	2,300	1,037	4,404	662
Foreign	27,339	1,000	5,135	2	000
	28,611	3 300	6,172	4,406	662

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat Oct. 1, 1899.

| |

East Carolina

Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C.

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming impiements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—25 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 2 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New Store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 30 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, fronting railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared There is one nice, new three-r om cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. Two tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO.,

Burgaw, N. C.

je 7

--SCOTLAND HOTEL--

LOCATED IN GIBSON, IN THE NEW COUNTY OF SCOTLAND.

On Railroad street, convenient to both railroads.

LARGE, AIRY AND WELL FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates, $2.00 per day. Reduction for periods of one week or longer.

Mrs. IRVING ROBINSON.
Proprietress,

aug 17 tf D&W GIBSON, N. C.

WINTER VICIS.

Lace and Congress for Gentlemen.

Douglass made them.

See his Boys' SHOES, also.

Ladies, Misses and Children can all be fitted if they will try at our store. Be sure and try before you buy elsewhere.

MERCER & EVANS,

63¼ steps east from corner Front and Princess.

oct 1 tf

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL.

Near Alexandria, Virginia.

L. M. BLACKFORD, M. A., Principal.

A Preparatory School For Boys.

The 61st year opens September 27, 1899.

Illustrated Catalogue sent on application.

jy 23 2m su we

Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION FOR WEAK WOMEN.

ROUND THE WALLS OF HAMADAN.

Orchards stretch their bloomy span
Round the walls of Hamadan.
Purples deepen on the grape,
Lyric brooks make blithe escape,
Yet are all the glories gone
That the lord of Macedon
Saw ere drew the revel on,
And the Bacchic orgy ran
Round the walls of Hamadan.

Gone the great sun temple where
Golden stair rose over stair.
Gone the gilded galleries,
Porticoes and palaces,
And the plaintive night winds plead
For the memory of the Mede,
Sob for alien ears to heed,
Pilgrim train and caravan,
Round the walls of Hamadan.

Naught of all the radiant past,
Naught of all the varied, vast
Life that throbbed and thrilled remains,
With its pleasures and its pains,
Save a couchant lion lone,
Mute memorial in stone
Of three empires overthrown—
Persian, Median, Parthian—
Round the walls of Hamadan.

All the splendor vanished, still
Wheels the world for good or ill.
Where's the wisdom hoary sage
Shall unriddle us this page?
Temples toppled from their base,
Victor race o'errunning race,
Yet, within the ancient place
Mirth and love of maid and man
Round the walls of Hamadan!

—Clinton Scollard in Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly.

To Suicides Commencing.

The advertisement in the newspaper ran as follows: "Suicides commencing—These should write for appointment to Rex Blake, 72 Uppingdon Gardens, South Kensington."

Herbert Streuth, artist, received an appointment for 2:30 on Wednesday afternoon. He called at the South Kensington address and was shown into a solidly furnished library, where a podgy little old gentleman with white hair shook him warmly by the hand and bade him to be seated.

"I am very pleased to see you, Mr. Streuth, and I trust that I may be of some service to you—in fact, that we may be of service to each other. But I must begin by asking you a plain question, which you will answer truthfully and in one word. Is your intended suicide connected in any way with severe poverty or overwhelming financial losses?"

"No," said Streuth, "I am considered, I believe, to be fairly well off."

"Delighted to hear it," said Mr. Blake, rubbing his chubby hands together, "now we will proceed. I tell you frankly that with me this thing is a business and nothing but a business. If you decide that I can serve you I shall expect a moderate fee. Now, what are the principal objections to suicide?"

"The law does not permit it," said Streuth.

"Precisely, but in the case of the successful suicide the law is not asked. It says that you may not take your life away, but if you do it cannot compel you to take it back again or punish you in any way. We can leave the law out."

"There is also the religious objection," said Streuth.

"Many very religious people," replied Mr. Blake, "have not found it cogent. Take the case, by no means an uncommon one, where the death of one man may be an inestimable benefit to many to whom he is really sincerely attached. Is an act of self sacrifice to be regarded as a crime? No; it seems to me that each suicide must be judged on its own merits, taking into consideration the motives and beliefs of the person suiciding. Any other opinions?"

"I know none," Streuth answered. "In fact, I have not been thinking much about it. I want to get out of things. I don't ask myself if there are any objections or not. I don't care if there are any objections."

"You surprise me," said Mr. Blake. "You are an artist, and yet it has not occurred to you that the manner of the suicide is of essential importance. The throat cutting is very dirty, and the same objection applies to the use of firearms. Have a little foresight. Imagine what you look like afterward, and the state of the bedclothes, and all the rest of it."

"I was intending," said Streuth, "to drown myself."

"I have here," said Mr. Blake, "a little work on forensic medicine. There are some interesting chapters on the signs by which you can tell the length of time the body has been in the water. Did you ever hear of adipocere? There is an elegant little description of it in this passage. Just read it."

Streuth took it and read a few lines. "I can't stand this," he said; "it is too nauseous."

"I thought you would see it in that light," Mr. Blake replied. "People mostly do when I put it to them. You really can't tell what a river's going to do to you. It may give you back at once, or it may keep you for a bit. Even if it gives you back at once you don't look pretty. Here's a description of the face of a man taken out of the Thames on"—

"You needn't go on with that. I have given up the idea of drowning myself. There is still poison. A little prussic acid and the bother is all over."

"Excellent," said Mr. Blake. "If you know the right dose, you die almost immediately. But you've got an awful moment. If you don't know the right dose, you have a very bad time. You will be found with your hands violently clinched, your eyes glistening and your pupils dilated, and you will shriek just before your death. Unpleasant, isn't it?"

"Well," said Streuth, "there are other poisons."

"All are open to objections. Chloral may kill you comfortably or make you sick. Other anæsthetics may lead to your being discovered while in a state of unconsciousness, but not dead, and the treatment they give you then is not pretty. Many quick poisons are painful, very painful, and in any case you leave your body about after. So untidy—such a want of neatness! Every suicide is anxious to wipe himself right out, to get away from public attention. If he leaves that body about after, people sit on it and say that he was temporarily insane, and one of the jury is rude to the coroner, and the coroner is severe to one of the jury, and the whole thing gets into the papers and the family is disgraced, and everybody feels that the death was grossly inartistic."

"I don't know," said Streuth, "if you imagine that by telling me these things you can deter me from the end which I have in view. If so, pray do not waste your time and mine any further."

"I had no such idea," said Mr. Blake. "All I wish to do is to give you a chance of committing suicide in the best possible way. No pain, no scandal, no untidy body lying about afterward. A simple, mysterious disappearance, your own self respect saved, and the feelings of your family spared."

"Well," said Streuth, "what is it?"

"Fire, plain fire, that is all. Near Weybridge there is a certain furnace which is kept going day and night. Its heat is enormous. There are no half measures about that furnace. The very moment you go into it you are dead. Half an hour afterward nothing of you is left that is recognizable as ever having been human. I will give you directions and admission card in exchange for your check for £5 so soon as that check has been cleared."

Streuth pulled five sovereigns from his pocket and put them on the table.

"I will take the directions and card of admission now."

"Certainly," said Blake. "This little plan makes your way clear from Weybridge station. It is six or seven miles, and you will have to walk it. Cabs can be tracked."

"I quite see that," said Streuth.

"For similar reasons you must not inquire your way. You cannot miss it; the plan is on a large scale and every possible landmark is indicated. When you reach the furnace (which is supposed to be used in connection with some brick works), you will find a deaf mute as night porter in charge. Hand him the ticket, and he will show you by signs what to do."

Streuth took the ticket and plan, shook hands and went out.

He was a passenger in the last train to Weybridge that night.

Three days afterward Streuth, with a smile on his face, called once more on Mr. Blake. Mr. Blake did not seem at all surprised to see him.

"Let us speak plainly," said Mr. Blake. "You were afraid of the fire?"

"I was," said Streuth.

"Everybody is. It is the most awful element, having in it something of the supernatural. I have sent 175 suicides to that place and only three handed their tickets to the night porter."

"And did the three commit suicide?"

"No! They came out again. Not one of them has committed suicide or ever will. You won't, for instance."

"No," said Streuth; "common sense has dawned. After all," he muttered, "she is not the only girl in the world."

"Many of my clients," said Blake smilingly, "give me some little present, some trifling souvenir on their return."

Streuth put his hand into his waistcoat pocket. As he fumbled with the coins he said, "Suppose that one of those three who did give up his ticket to the porter had committed suicide, you would have stood a fair chance of getting yourself into a mess."

"Not at all," said Blake genially, "not at all. To prevent the possibility of accidents there isn't any furnace."

He swept the sovereigns from the table into the palm of his hand.

"Most liberal of you, I'm sure."—Barry Pain.

On the Wrong Man.

Bret Harte is so frequently complimented as the author of "Little Breeches" that he is almost as sorry it was ever written as is Colonel John Hay, who would prefer his fame to rest on more ambitious work. A gushing young lady, who prided herself upon her literary tastes, said to him once:

"My dear Mr. Harte, I am so delighted to meet you. I have read everything you ever wrote, but of all your dialect verse there is none that compares to your 'Little Breeches.' "

"I quite agree with you, madam," said Mr. Harte, "but you have put the little breeches on the wrong man."—San Francisco Argonaut.

Piedmont Springs.

FINEST OF

MINERAL WATERS.

Magnificent Mountain Climate.

HOTEL FIRST-CLASS. ACCOMMODATIONS FOR 300 GUESTS.

Rates Reasonable.

WRITE FOR DESCRIPTIVE FOLDER GIVING ANALYSIS OF WATER AND ENDORSEMENTS FROM SOME OF THE LEADING MEN OF THE STATE.

W. P. HALYBURTON,

Proprietor.

Postoffice, Piedmont Springs, N. C.

my 14 su we fr

Endorsed by the Medical Profession of the World as the **Best Tonic for Convalescents from Yellow Fever, Typhoid Fever and All Malarial Troubles;** it **Increases the Appetite, strengthens the Nerves and builds up the entire System.**

Paris: 22 Rue Drouot

E. Fougera & Co., 26-30 N. William St. New York

no 9 9m we

STATEMENT OF

Atlantic National Bank,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the Close of Business Sept. 7th, 1899, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans		$ 689,997.45
Overdrafts		355.03
U. S. Bonds (at par)		95,000.00
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000.00
Due from app'd res've ag'ts	$ 51,864.75	
Due from other banks	167,609.20	
Cash on hand	107,302.97	326,806 22
Total		$1,122,758.70

LIABILITIES.

Capital		$ 125,000.00
Surplus and undivided profits		95,847.41
Circulation		41,040.00
Deposits U. S. Treas.	$ 50,000.00	
Deposits from Banks	202,369.74	
Deposits from individuals	573,501.55	
Certificates of Deposit	35,000.00	860,871.29
Total		$1,122,758.70

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT.

	Sept. 7, '97.	Sept. 7, '98.	Sept. 7, '99
Total deposits	$497,000	$711,500	$860,800
Surplus and net profit	69,300	81,800	95,800

Dividends Paid—6 Per Cent. Per Annum.

☞ Last Instalment of Capital Paid in October, 1892.

sep 13 tf

Mrs. W. E. Mayo has opened the New Ocean View Hotel

FOR THE SEASON. Meals served promptly at all hours. Every accommodation for comfort of guests Charges reasonable. Special rates for families.

je 28 tf

College of William and Mary,

Williamsburg, Va.

Two hundred and seventh session. Total expenses per session, including books:

Normal Course, ...$108.00
Collegiate Course, $162.00

Session begins first Thursday in October. Send for Catalogue.

LYON G. TYLER,

jy 16 2m su we **M. A. LL. D.**

The Murchison National Bank,

With Capital $800,000, furnishes its customers with the best facilities at all times, because in watching their interests it is serving its own.

No philanthropy about it,

It's Business.

Foreign Exchange, Letters of Credit, or anything in the banking line.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.

J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

jy 27 tf

BAGGING AND TIES.

Crackers and Cheese,
Sugar,
Flour,
Meat,
Molasses, Meal.

BEST GRADE, LOWEST PRICE.

THE WORTH CO.

aug 23 tf

Seasonable Goods.

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for Rob Roy FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep 10 tf

A large and well selected stock of

Fancy and Staple Groceries.

We ask special attention to our superior facilities for handling orders and giving them quick dispatch.

Get our prices

before placing your orders for Nuts, Candies, C. C. Nuts, Raisins, &c.

HALL & PEARSALL,

sep 20 tf Wholesale Grocers.

NEWS AND OPINIONS

of

National Importance.

THE SUN

ALONE

CONTAINS BOTH.

Daily, by mail, - - - **$6** a year

Daily and Sunday, by mail, **$8** a year

The Sunday Sun

IS THE GREATEST SUNDAY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

Price 5c a copy. By mail, $2 a year

Address THE SUN, New York.

ja 5 tf

BARIUM ROCK SPRING WATER, Barium Springs, N. C.

is the most valuable mineral water yet discovered. MRS. E. H. BILLINGSLEY, Statesville, N. C.

I use it continually. It tones up the system, purifies the blood, and is a panacea for all cutaneous diseases. E. A. ANDERSON, M. D., Wilmington, N. C.

Barium Rock Spring (Old Poisset Spring), a tonic, restoring the appetite and strength after exhausting diseases, particularly typhoid fever.

In the case of Mrs. Anderson it has restored her appetite after the failure of other tonics.

For sale by

JAS. D. NUTT.

oct 1 tf

200 Bags Coffee.

200 Packages Job Tobacco.

40 Barrels Rice.

All at Rock Bottom Prices.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

sep 19 tf Wilmington, N. C., No. 19 Market street.

FOR RENT.

Dwellings,

Stores and Offices.

Apply to

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent,

sep 8 tf Wilmington, N. C.

About Razors and Things.

We do not run a "Tonsorial Parlor," but we conduct a **First-class Barber Shop.** Within the past thirty days our patronage has more than doubled; but there is "always room for one more" customer.

Call at No. 7 South Front street.

ED. GUION,
CORNELIUS DAVIS.

sep 5 tf

Edgeworth Boarding and Day School

For Girls. Re-opens Sept. 25, 1899. 37th year. Mrs. H. P. LEFEBVRE, Principal. Miss E. D. HUNTLEY, Associate Principal. 22 and 194 W. Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

11y 19 2m we sa

SEABOARD AIR LINE. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:38 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:43 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:13 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 35—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A.M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:59 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:30 P. M.

Train 36—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9.05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:58 A. M., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 408—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:38 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 402—Leaves Charlotte 8:10 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 9:23 A. M., Shelby 10:10 A. M., Rutherfordton 11:25 A. M.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:55 P. M. Arrives Shelby 6:05 P. M., Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 409—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 2:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:25 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 15—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES,
Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN,
Vice President and General Manager.

H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager

V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.

L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

General Offices Portsmouth Va. Ja 10 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,

WILMINGTON, N. C.,

AND

GEORGETOWN, S. C.

Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Sept. 16

ONEIDA.....Saturday, Sept. 23

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA.....Saturday, Sept. 16

NEW YORK, passengers,....Saturday, Sept. 23

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

NEW YORK.....Tuesday, Sept. 19

ONEIDA.....Tuesday, Sept. 23

Steamer New York carries passengers.

Steamer Oneida does not carry passengers.

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt.,
Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. sep 14 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 26th, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52.	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	9 00 a m
8 50 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	12 10 a m
8 45 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 25 p m
9 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 12 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 00 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 54.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 55.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 18 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 53 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46		No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.	MADISON BRANCH.	North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
8 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
9 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	9 17 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 35 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

mar 28 tf

1831 *Sixty-Ninth Year.* 1899

THE

Country Gentleman,

The ONLY Agricultural NEWSpaper

INDISPENSABLE TO

All Country Residents

WHO WISH TO

KEEP UP WITH THE TIMES

Single Subscription, $2;
Two Subscriptions, &3.50;
Four Subscriptions, $6.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO RAISERS OF LARGER CLUBS.

Write for Particulars on this Point.

Free Till January 1 to New Subscribers for 1899.

It will be seen that the difference between the cost of the COUNTRY GENTLEMAN and that of other agricultural weeklies (none of which even attempts to cover the agricultural *news* of the day) may readily be reduced, by making up a small Club, to

Less Than a Cent a Week!

Does such a difference as that justify you in contenting yourself with some other paper instead of having the best?

SEND FOR SPECIMEN COPIES.

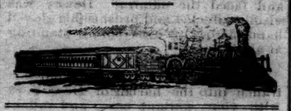
Which will be mailed Free, and compare them with any other rural weekly; it will not take long to see the difference. Address

LUTHER TUCKER & SON,

Albany, N. Y.

oc 21 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.



Schedule In Effect Sept. 26, 1899.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.45 A M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.38 A. M., Goldsboro 12.26 P M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.21 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 5.21 P. M., Richmond 7.20 P. M., Norfolk 5.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.00 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 8.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8.49 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.33 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.38 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M., Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.23 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 5.23 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P M. No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.28 P. M. Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.20 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M. Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M. Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York †9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.50 A. M. Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.52 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A M No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 3.35 A. M. Philadelphia 12.09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 5.45 P. M. Richmond 7.35 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 9.30 P. M., Weldon 9.45 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 6.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.30 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.55 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.15 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.10 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.34 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9.00 A M., arrives Fayetteville 12.15 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 12.25 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P M Returning leaves Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrives Fayetteville 3.45 P. M., leaves Fayetteville 3.55 P. M., arrives Wilmington 6.50 P. M.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.15 A. M. Maxton 9.30 A. M., Red Springs 9.53 A. M., Hope Mills 10.42 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.55 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.55 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton, 6.15 P. M., arrives Bennettsville 7.15 P. M.

Connections at Fayetteville with No. 78, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 5.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.37 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M. Greenville 8.53 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.10 A. M. and 3.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Trains leave Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.35 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 8.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10.10 A. M., 4.08 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.35 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11.22 A. M., 5.35 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M., 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 2.50 P. M.

Train leaves Pee Dee 10.02 A. M., arrive Latta 10.24 A. M., Dillon 10.36 A. M., Rowland 10.54 A. M. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 P. M.; arrives Dillon 6.30 P. M., Latta 6.35 P. M., Pee Dee 7.00 P. M., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 3.00 P. M., Chadbourn 5.35 P. M.; arrive Conway 7.40 P. M.; leave Conway 8.30 A. M., Chadbourn 11.20 A. M.; arrive Hub 12.25 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Sumter 7.18 P. M., Manning 8.41 P. M.; arrive Lane's 9.57 P. M.; leave Lane's 8.34 A. M., Manning 9.09 A. M.; arrive Sumter 9.40 A. M. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9.30 A. M., 7.40 P. M.; arrive Georgetown 12.00 M., 9.00 P. M.; leave Georgetown 7.00 A. M.; 3.30 P. M.; arrive Lane's 8.25 A. M.; 5.55 P. M Daily except Sunday.

Trains leave Florence daily except Sunday at 9.50 A. M.; arrive Darlington 10.15 A. M., Hartsville 9.18 P. M., Cheraw 11.30 A. M., Wadesboro 3.25 P. M.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 7.55 P.M.; arrive Darlington 8.20 P. M., Bennettsville 9.17 P. M., Gibson 10.20 P. M. Leave Florence Sunday only 9.30 A. M., arrive Darlington 10.08 A. M.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6.00 A. M. Bennettsville 7.00 A. M.; arrive Darlington 8.00 A. M. Leave Darlington 8.50 A. M.; arrive Florence 9.15 A. M. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3.00 P. M., Cheraw 4.45 P. M., Hartsville 7.00 A. M., Darlington 6.39 P. M.; arrive Florence 7.00 P. M. Leave Darlington Sunday only at 8.50 A. M., arrive Florence 9.15 A. M.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 1.58 P. M., 11.14 P. M., arrive Selma 2.50 P. M. 11.57 P. M., Smithfield 3.06 P. M. Dunn 3.40 P. M., Fayetteville 4.35 P. M., 1.08 A. M., Rowland 6.00 P. M. returning leave Rowland 10.54 A. M., Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., 9.40 P. M. Dunn 1.04 P. M., Smithfield 1.43 P. M. Selma 1.50 P. M., 10.52 P. M., arrive Wilson 2.35 P. M., 11.31 A. M.

Trains leave Sumter 4.32 A. M., Creston 5.17 A. M., arrive Denmark 6.13 A. M. Returning, leave Denmark 4.17 P. M., Creston 5.13 P. M., Sumter 6.08 P. M. Daily.

Trains leave Creston 5.45 A. M., arrives Pregnalls 9.15 A. M. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10.00 A

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 4.

GEN. LAWTON'S ATTACK ON THE FILIPINO FORCES.

A General Movement to Clear Up the Country Between Imus and Bacoor. Insurgents Routed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BACOOR, LUZON, October 3.—General Lawton came to Bacoor this morning and organized a general movement to clear up the country between Imus and Bacoor, taking personal command.

General Lawton's force consists of all the troops from Bacoor and Zapoto, five companies of the Fourteenth regiment, Colonel Daggett commanding; McGrath's troop of the Fourth cavalry, Reilly's battery of two guns, and another battery of two guns. General Fred Grant is co-operating with a force composed of three companies of the Fourth regiment, Major Price commanding, Knabenshine's scouts and one gun.

General Lawton to day dispersed the insurgents, driving them to the westward. The purpose of the rebels was to cut the communication maintained between Bacoor and Imus by means of the road between those places at a point between Imus and the east bank of the river. The insurgents had trenches along the west bank, commanding the open spaces. A force of 1,500 rebels attacked Imus yesterday and six hundred proceeded against Bacoor with detachments along the river.

This morning Colonel Daggett's force spread along the road from Bacoor toward Imus and three companies of the Fourth regiment, under Captain Hollis were thrown out from Imus, the two commands forming a junction. The entire line crossed the river and drove the Filipinos from their trenches to the westward, through rice fields and thickets. The marines, whose services were tendered by Admiral Watson, crossed the river near the bay, forming a part of the line of advance.

Before the forward movement was begun the American artillery shelled the enemy's position. The only American casualty was the wounding of a lieutenant of artillery. Several wounded Filipinos were attended by Surgeon Major Penrose and members of the ambulance corps. A number of prisoners were taken.

Lieutenant Knabenshine, with a party of scouts, crossed the river last night and found twenty-eight dead Filipinos in the trenches, fifteen of whom had been killed by one shell.

When the marines marched into Imus the soldiers cheered them and General Lawton complimented them upon their work. One detachment from Cavite was commanded by Captain Haines and another from the Baltimore by Captain Myers.

The first wagon train with provisions to reach Imus in three days has arrived and two companies of the Fourteenth regiment from towns along the bay marched in to day to relieve the Fourth regiment, whose members have been kept awake in the trenches day and night for a week under the annoying intermittent fire from the insurgents outside the town.

THE DANGER IN THE ROUND BALE.

A Prophecy As to What Will Happen When the Square Bale is Run Out.

[*From the Houston (Texas) Post.*]

The round bale people do not come into Texas with machinery to sell. They propose to operate all the plants put in themselves, or to exact a perpetual royalty as rental if any of their plants are used by others than the company. It is charged that the process of ginning and baling are such that the company owning the plants will be compelled to buy the cotton in the seed and handle it from the field to the factory—evidently the ulterior purpose of these round bale people. This consummation will, it can be seen, when effected, place the handling of the cotton crop of the United States in the hands of one or two round bale companies, and the consequences to the South can be better imagined than described. With the square bale run out, the competition in handling the crop wiped out, and the millions invested in the old-time gins and presses destroyed, the planters would be at the mercy of a monopoly strong enough to fix whatever price it pleased on cotton, and then to hold the crop long enough to exact from the mills its own figures. In a word, the cylindrical bale company will, after having its gin accepted and its package enforced, be absolute masters of the situation. What will become of the planters' interests? As the New Orleans *Times-Democrat* asks, Will the planter not be entirely helpless before this huge corporation, and would he not be compelled to take whatever the corporation was disposed to offer? There would be no competition, and Senator McEnery, of Louisiana, declares that the fostering of the cylindrical bale means the fostering of one of the largest trusts ever conceived by the mind of men, and the driving out of the cotton factors, exporters and pressmen! The question at once addressed itself to an intelligent public and lawmakers, whether a few present advantages should permit the destruction of millions of capital already invested in the old processes, and destruction of competition in the purchasing and handling of the 12,000,000 bales of American cotton, and the building up of a trust, by comparison with which the Standard Oil and Sugar trusts would be but pygmies? The trust once supreme, these present concessions and advantages to the planter would inevitably and at once be withdrawn, and the South, with all its vast business interests, which are absolutely dependent on cotton, would be in the cold, vice-like grip of a master with an office in Wall street! No more serious situation has confronted this section since the war of the rebellion. Not to in some way scotch this young and growing giant now is to be helpless later on. If the benefits of this new invention were given, as in the old processes, to the public, by a sale of the plants, we might see a step forward—existing ginning and compressing establishments would simply replace present with improved machinery, though the cost would be great. To refuse to do this, however, places the new company in a position where it can ask and expect few favors from the public. Texas, the greatest cotton producing State in the world, should at least be saved from the clutches of this most ambitious and dangerous of all the huge monopolies."

BASE BALL BULLETIN.

Scores of the Games Played by the Clubs Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 3.—New Yoak, 4; Boston, 13.

Philadelphia, 5; Baltimore, 10.

Brooklyn, 12; Washington, 1. Second game—Brooklyn, 2; Washington, 8.

Chicago, 2; Louisville, 10.

Pittsburg, 9; St. Louis, 6.

SWORD PRESENTED ADMIRAL DEWEY.

Magnificent Testimonial Voted by Congress in Commemoration of His Victory.

PRESENTATION BY PRESIDENT

Grand Procession From the White House to the Capitol—An Ovation by the People to Rear Admiral Schley. Speeches—Dewey's Response.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 3.—The culmination of Admiral Dewey's triumphal home coming was reached to-day in the shadow of the dome of the national capitol. Here he received from the hands of the President the magnificent jewelled sword voted him by Congress in commemoration of the victory of Manila bay.

For Dewey it was a trying as well as a triumphal day. It has been given to few officers in the naval history of the country to sit before a crowd of thousands while the chief of the naval establishment dilated upon their exploits and then to stand before the same crowd to receive at the hands of the President a sword prepared for him at the behest of the representatives of the whole people.

Severe Strain Upon Dewey.

The strain upon Admiral Dewey reached almost to the breaking point. None but those nearest to him could see how he labored to repress his feelings during the address of Secretary Long, but when he arose to receive the sword from the hands of the President no one could mistake the flash of the white gloved hand as it rose to dash away the tears before the admiral came to the rigid attitude of attention before his chief.

When it became Dewey's turn to reply his voice failed him, and he made the effort twice before his lips would respond. When he did succeed his tones were clear and steady, but so low that only those nearest him could hear.

An Ovation to Schley.

One of the most remarkable features of the eventful day was the ovation to Rear Admiral Schley on the return of the party from the capitol to the White House. His carriage was several numbers behind that of the President and Admiral Dewey, and he received an ovation that could scarcely be ranked below that accorded to the admiral himself. The tumult grew as the carriage proceeded down the avenue, and the crowd surged around it till the horses were brought to a foot pace. Finally a company of the High School cadets came to the rescue and formed about the carriage until it reached the White House with a long gap between it and the next proceeding.

Out of the store of his experience the President was able to give Admiral Dewey one valuable suggestion before leaving the capitol. The venerable Cardinal Gibbons was presented and after an exchange of greetings the President asked the Admiral if he felt equal to a general ordeal of handshaking. The hero of Manila swerved from the shock, explaining that his right arm was partially paralyzed from his experience in New York.

A Valuable Suggestion.

"Let me suggest to you," said the President, "hereafter you shake the other man's hand, don't let him shake yours. You save yourself by not letting them get the grasp on you."

The start from Mrs. McLean's residence was made promptly at 10 o'clock in Mrs. McLean's carriage. When the admiral appeared, resplendent in heavy epaulettes and gold lace, the great throng that had assembled in the adjacent streets and in Farragut square broke out into enthusiastic applause. Accompanied by an escort of police and committeemen and headed by the Marine band, the admiral was driven to the White House through cheering crowds. He entered the White House grounds by the west gate and on reaching the portico quickly alighted and was shown into the East room, where he was met by the President and members of the cabinet. Only a few moments elapsed before the admiral reappeared with the President and they took seats in the White House carriage. The members of the cabinet occupied the next three carriages, former Secretary Alger occupying a seat with Secretary Long, and then followed the various officials who have been assigned places near the central figure of the demonstration.

The Procession.

The carriages swept briskly down the curved driveway into Pennsylvania avenue. There was a blare of bugle commands, a crash of bands and the great procession started. It was a magnificent and inspiring sight as the parade swung into the long stretch of the handsome thoroughfare. Through the broad streets, cleared from curb to curb, with the majestic capitol towering at the further end and the sombre treasury building behind, the marching hosts moved between two solid walls of enthusiastic, shouting, gesticulating humanity, banked solidly from the curbs, rising, tier on tier, on every conceivable kind of structure, to the crowded roofs and windows, while above, below and all about fluttered flags, bunting and Dewey emblems and devices, forming a background of brilliant color.

At the head of the line rode Major General Nelson A. Miles, commanding general of the army, in the full uniform of his rank with the yellow field-marshal's sash from shoulder to hip. He was astride a superb gray horse, richly caprisoned. Back of him was rank after rank of military aids, all officers of high rank. The brilliantly coated Marine band added color and inspiring music to the gay scene, and following them came every describable kind of soldier, sailor and marine, mounted and afoot, infantry, artillery, cavalry, the marines in their short blouses and helmets, the jackies from the Raleigh, and other warships; battery after battery of light artillery, the mammoth 8 inch seige guns of the Seventh artillery, each drawn by eight horses.

At the Capitol.

The President with his cabinet was shown into the President's room, while Admiral Dewey with his captains occupied the room of the vice president. There was a wait of half an hour and then the party took up their march in the same order as they had entered the capitol, going straight to the rotunda and thence to the stand.

Prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Bristol, President McKinley's pastor.

Mr. Ross Perry then made the introductory address which was lustily cheered.

He ended by introducing Secretary Long who was received with enthusiasm and standing bareheaded in the sunshine addressed his remarks directly to the admiral who remained bareheaded and seated. The speech was received with applause

The Sword Presented.

As Secretary Long passed the sword to President McKinley the latter rose and faced the admiral. Dewey was visibly affected and brushed his gloved hands across his eyes before standing at attention.

The President said:

"Admiral Dewey. From your entrance into the harbor of New York with your gallant crew and valiant ship the demonstrations which everywhere have greeted you, reveal the public esteem of your heroic action and the fullnes of love in which you are held by your country.

"The voice of the nation is lifted in praise and gratitude for the distinguished and memorable services you have rendered the country and all the people give you an affectionate welcome home, in which I join with all my heart. Your victory exalted American valor and extended American authority. There was no flaw in your victory; there will be no faltering in maintaining it. [Great applause.] It gives me extreme pleasure and great honor in behalf of all the people to hand you this sword, the gift of the nation, voted by the Congress of the United States."

The President handed the admiral the sword with a deep bow and there was a roar of applause as Dewey received it. The crowd was hushed as he turned to reply.

Admiral Dewey said:

"I thank you, Mr. President, for this great honor you have conferred upon me. I thank the secretary of the navy for his gracious words. I thank my countrymen for the beautiful gift which shall be an heirloom in my family forever, as an evidence that republics are not ungrateful; and I thank you, Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the committee for the gracious, cordial and kindly welcome which you have given me to my home."

The band played "The Star Spangled Banner," and then Cardinal Gibbons pronounced the benediction.

Review of the Military.

Following the benediction the arrangement for the review of the military escort by Admiral Dewey was carried out. While the police, prior to the troops getting in motion, were forcing the crowd back to give a clear passage way for the troops across the plaza, there were demands from the crowd to "Hold up the sword!" Admiral Dewey, complaisant as always, lifted it, and then it was raised again by one of the committeemen. Upon the latter putting it down, Admiral Dewey, at the request of a photographer perched on a step-ladder near by, held the sword in both hands, while the camera was snapped.

The admiral and the President then seated themselves and conversed animatedly. The former was facing south and he noticed a little girl, probably four years old, in the crowd near the stand kissing her hand to him. In an instant his face was aglow and he waved both hands to the young one. There was a few minutes delay in the start of the escort and during the interval the admiral and the President were joined on the stand Secretary Long, Secretary Hay, Secretary Hitchcock, Attorney General Griggs, Postmaster General Smith, Secretary Root and ex-Secretary Alger.

The Olympia men, who had been placed at points of vantage whence they could see their chief honored, first marched across the plaza to take the place of honor at the right of the line, and were greeted with continuous cheering. When they fell into place the review began, General Miles and his staff riding by in salute, and then taking up a position on the plaza north of the stand.

When the review was concluded the admiral and President McKinley entered the latter's carriage and were driven to the White House. From there Admiral Dewey went to the residence of Mrs. McLean.

SITUATION IN SOUTH AFRICA

No New Developments in the Transvaal Trouble—War Preparations in England Continue Active.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, October 3.—There are no new developments in the Transvaal situation. Arrangements for the dispatch of war stores and men continue. A quantity of balloon material has been sent to South Africa, the war office considering that military ballooning will prove of the greatest value in the kind of warfare expected in South Africa. The chartering of transports is still going on. Five vessels of the Cunard line are now engaged.

One result of the war scare is an advance of one shilling to eighteen pence in the price asked for the wheat offered in the market to-day.

Unfounded Report.

Mr. Montague White, consul general for the South African Republic in London, informed the Associated Press that a representative of one of the largest capitalists of the Rand had called upon him this morning and asserted that it was known in capitalist circles that Lord Salisbury had determined there should not be war and had instructed the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, to wire to South Africa further assurances with regard to the British desire to respect the complete independence of the Transvaal. No confirmation of this is obtainable in official circles.

According to a dispatch from Lourenzo Marquez, Portugese East Africa, a crowd of Boers, who were assembled at the Machadorps station forced the refugee passengers to uncover during the singing of the Boer national air and severely maltreated several Englishmen, stabbing one, kicking another and trampling upon others. It is reported there also that two ladies were outrageously assaulted at Paardekop station by Boers, one being struck in the face by a rifle shoved through the railway carriage window and the other struck by her assailant's fist.

The war office, it is reported, has received an offer from two thousand officers and men of the Cuban army for services in the Transvaal.

AN ATLANTA STORY.

That Western Union Will Buy All Cotton Secured by Recent False Quotations.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., October 3.—The *Journal* to-day publishes a story to the effect that the Western Union Telegraph Company will buy all the cotton secured by merchants at prices based on the recent fake quotation which came over their wires.

The *Journal* says: "There is the strongest kind of a rumor on the cotton markets to day that the recent fake Liverpool quotations which caused so much excitement in the Southern exchanges and which were said to be due to a mistake on the part of the telegraph company, is assuming the proportions of a deal. It is said on the inside that the telegraph company has notified all its customers who bought cotton on the fake quotations and who have threatened to bring suit against the company for the mistake, that it will take all the cotton bought on the quotations."

Commissioner Douthit, of the South Carolina Dispensary, has been removed by the State board of control, as a result of an investigation showing a long list of irregularities and frauds in the management of the liquor business.

THE COLUMBIA AND SHAMROCK.

First of the International Series of Races for the Championship Cup.

WAS A COMPLETE FAILURE.

Had to be Declared Off Because Neither Boat Could Reach the Finish in Time Allotted—Columbia Showed Superiority in Sailing.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

NEW YORK, October 3.—As the sun set behind the Navesink hills the biggest crowd of sight-seers and yachtsmen who ever sailed down to Sandy Hook to witness the attempt of a foreign mug-hunter to wrest from America the yachting supremacy of the world, returned to New York crestfallen and disappointed. The winds had proved too light and shifty, and the first of the international series of 1899 between the two greatest racing machines ever produced by England and America degenerated into a drifting match, and had to be declared off because neither could reach the finish line in the time allotted by the rules.

To avoid just such winds as occurred to day, in which luck and not the crew and yachts win, the rules provide that if one of the boats does not finish within five and a half hours, the race is declared off, so at the end of the time this evening, when the yachts were still four miles from home, with the Shamrock leading by something more than a quarter of a mile, the committee officially declared that there had been no race. The yachts were then taken in tow by their respective tugs and brought back to their anchorage inside Sandy Hook. Under the rules the first race is now postponed for two days, or until Thursday.

Though indecisive in every respect as to the abilities of the great rival single-stickers, to day's race indicates that the Irish boat, with her English skipper and her Scotch crew is the ablest sloop ever sent across the Atlantic in the hope of lifting the one hundred guinea cup which the America brought back forty eight years ago and which has since been successfully defended against the world.

Columbia Showed Superiority.

During the five and a half hours sail the Shamrock was thrice ahead, and twice the Yankee boat showed the way. For the first ten minutes the Shamrock led, then for five the Columbia's graceful bow showed ahead of the green boat; for forty five minutes following the Shamrock, then for three hours the Columbia, and for the last hour and half it was the Shamrock that led the way. The breeze blew as high as twelve knots an hour, and as low as three, and shifted about through eight points of the compass. Each in turn beat the other running before the wind and was in turn beaten against the wind at various stages of the race, so that many of the experts who saw the two boats sail to-day are disinclined to believe that there is a pin to choose between them, but when the race is closely analyzed it is absolutely proven that the Columbia showed her superiority at every point of sailing, running, reaching, beating whenever the wind freshened and that it was only in the lightest air that the Shamrock could make headway against her. Both had their share of good and bad luck. The Columbia had the better of the shifting wind on the run down to the mark and beat the Shamrock two minutes and forty four seconds, while on the beat home, after increasing her lead to over a mile at one time, the Shamrock overhauled the Yankee and was a quarter of a mile ahead when the time allowance expired.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON EXCHANGE.

Propose to Take Vigorous Action in the Matter of False Liverpool Quotations.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW ORLEANS, October 3.—The following was forwarded by telegraph to-day by the president of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, in regard to last Friday's fiasco concerning Liverpool quotations:

"*New Orleans, Oct. 3d, 1899.*—President Western Union Telegraph Company, New York—If, as stated in Mr. Dealy's explanation, the operator, in sending Liverpool specials on Friday, changed the system without notification, leaving the trade to read the dispatches as had been customary, and which reading created a false impression of enormous advances, his action was no less criminal than if the result of willful and corrupt deception.

"The cotton trade of the South has been victimized and demoralized by the criminal neglect and carelessness on the part of your employes, and it is due the cotton trade, as well as the interests of your company, that the official or officials whose neglect of duty permitted such conditions, and the operator or operators who sent the dispatches without notice of change should be known to the world and promptly dismissed, as an example to deter others in future from like criminal negligence.

"We do not consider absence of officials who leave their duty to be performed by incompetent people any excuse for so grave an issue.

"The board of directors of this Exchange will meet to-morrow to take vigorous action in the matter, and your prompt reply is requested for their consideration.

"JOHN M. PARKER,
"President New Orleans Cotton Exchange."

YELLOW FEVER SITUATION.

Thirty-three New Cases and One Death at Key West, Florida.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSON, MISS., October 3.—The Board of Health reported one new case to-day. There have been fourteen cases up to date and four deaths, and eight cases are now under treatment. Arrangements have been made by Surgeon General Carter, of the Marine Hospital service, to establish a camp of refuge for those who have been exposed to the fever and it will be open to voluntary refugees to-morrow.

NEW ORLEANS, LA., October 3.—One case of yellow fever was reported to-day. Two of the old cases resulted in death.

KEY WEST, Oct. 3.—Thirty-three new cases of yellow fever and one death have been reported in the past twenty-four hours.

A representative of the law firm of Kellogg, Rose and Smith, has served a writ of habeas corpus on Captain B. K. Roberts, commandant of Governor's Island, demanding that Captain Carter be produced in court before Judge Lacomb of the United States Circuit Court at 11 A. M. to-day.

TEXAS STATE FAIR.

Democratic Carnival—Enthusiastic Reception to Col. Wm. J. Bryan.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DALLAS, October 3.—The second and last day of the Democratic carnival, in conjunction with the State Fair, was the most successful from point of numbers of any political gathering in the history of the State. It is estimated that 50,000 people were present. Col. Bryan and a party of friends arrived at 10.25 A. M. and he was accorded a magnificent ovation.

Judge Tarvin's address was frequently interrupted by applause, and when he had concluded there were loud cries for Bryan. The Nebraskan stepped forward and was enthusiastically received. He disclaimed being present as a presidential candidate and spoke for an hour on the issues of the day.

The Georgia Saw Mill Company, which embraces the lumber men of South Carolina and Florida met yesterday. It is understood on good authority that an advance of fifty cents to $1.50 per 1,000 feet will be ordered. All of the mills have orders for ninety days.

ACTS GENTLY ON THE
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS
CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
DISPELS COLDS EFFECTUALLY, HEADACHES & FEVERS
OVERCOMES HABITUAL CONSTIPATION
PERMANENTLY
TO GET
ITS BENEFICIAL EFFECTS.
BUY THE GENUINE—MAN'F'D BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
LOUISVILLE, KY. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. NEW YORK, N.Y.
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS, PRICE 50c. PER BOTTLE.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

A Young Lady wishes a position as Stenographer and Typewriter. Best of reference furnished. Address, "M," Box 398 Postoffice. oct 4 5t*

Wanted—By a couple, one or two Furnished Rooms, with Bath, north of Chesnut, not farther out than Third street. Address, Box 483. oct 4 1t

Miss Daisy Cronly will receive a few pupils of the primary grade, commencing on October the sixteenth. Apply at 215 South Third street. 4 5 6 8 10 sep 4 5t

Tom and Jerry, Hot Spiced Rum, Hot Scotch, Hot Whiskey, Hot Lunch and Oysters every day at The Globe, No. 22 Market street. oct 3 tf

Nothing so injures a Piano as standing out of Tune or Repair. Insist upon having yours done promptly—before the season opens and have it done right. John G. Russell, 413 Orange street. Bell 'Phone 198. oc 1 tf

The Star Studio—We will open a first class Photograph Gallery at 116 Market street October 10th, known as the Star Studio. We shall always give the very best work. From October 10th to 31st we shall give special rates on Photographs and Frames. Read our advertisement on the 10th. We are yours for trade, Star Studio. sep 24 tf.

For Sale—Hand-made Buggies of different makes. Also Harness of all kinds; and prices to suit the times. Come and see me when in need of something nice. P. H. Hayden. sep 24 tf

Why not call on Marshall & Jones for your Blacksmith and Wheelwright work, Electrical Bell work and Plumbing at their General Repair Shops, Seventeenth and Market streets? Bell 'Phone 474, Inter-State 127 call 4. Competent workmen in every department. sep 24 tf

New Rice—New crop La. Rice, Best Patent Flour, Grain, Hay and all kinds of mixed feed for horses and cattle. Both Telephones No. 92. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. sep 14 tf

Photographs by Flash Light. Church choirs, concerts, germans and all entertainments taken at night by flash light, also interiors. Up-to-date is our watchword. Call and see samples. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. sep 9 tf

Large consignment Mt. Airy Apples in to-day. Choice stock for quick sale. Bananas, Oranges, Lemons and Choice Confections. Best Up-country Butter always on hand. A. S. Winstead, Second street, corner postoffice green. jy 30 tf

Wanted—Peaches, Apples, Plums, Grapes and all kinds of Fruits. Also, all kinds of Produce. Good prices and prompt returns guaranteed. B. B. Moore, Commission Merchant, No. 5 Dock street. 1e 11 tf

Turpentine Still and Fixtures complete. For sale low. The Worth Co. apr 7 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 4 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin, one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 26 tf

ANNOUNCEMENT.

The first of October one year ago I commenced business, with the idea that Wilmington could support one first-class Furniture Store.

I have sold since that time finer goods than were ever sold here before, and as fine as sold anywhere. I have sold fine goods at cheap goods prices because I had no reason to make a lowance for losses in selling to unreliable parties. I know where and how to buy, and my business and personal expenses are small. My success has been such that I number my satisfied customers by the score.

I thank my many friends for their patronage, which encourages me to continue on the same line at the same stand with an even better stock than I have carried before. Respectfully,

N. F. PARKER,
Furniture and Furniture Novelties,
No. 17 South Front Street.
sep 19 tf

I have just received a car-load of Heating and Cooking Stoves.

These Stoves were bought before the heavy advances in the price of iron, therefore I am prepared to share the advantage with my customers.

R. H. BEERY,
10 Market street.
Phone 183. sep 28 tf

New Meat Market.

This is to inform the many friends of Mr. Johnnie Hintz that he has completed arrangements to go into the Meat Business under the firm name of J. H. Hintz & Co., on stalls Nos. 1 and 3, north side of Market House, formerly occupied by C. S. Garrell & Co., where by polite attention and dispatch he hopes for a full share of the patronage of his old friends.

J. H. HINTZ.
Inter-State 'Phone 328, Bell 'Phone 128.
sep 24 tf

New Series. No. 16.

The Wilmington Homestead & Loan Association's subscription Books are now open. Payments begin Saturday, October 7th.

An Urgent Demand for their Stock

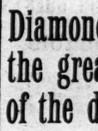
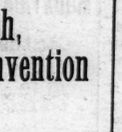
has induced the Association to start this new series, that those who wish to do so may find a safe and profitable investment for their savings.

Thirteen Years Old and Never Lost One Dollar of Investment.

Investors make over 8 per cent and Borrowers pay about 4½ per cent for their money. Secure Stock in time. First payment October 7th.

J. C. Stevenson, President,
H. C. McQueen, Vice President,
J. D. Bellamy, Attorney,
C. C. Brown, Sec. and Treas.,
Wm. Goodman,
C. W. Polvogt,
J. H. Hardin,
M. W. Divine,
J. Hicks Bunting,
N. M. McEachern,
J. G. Barentine,
O. M. Filiyaw,
Directors.

oc 1 1w

"Improved Poultry."
Phœnix Poultry Yards,
PHŒNIX,
Brunswick County, N. C.
Breeders of
Fancy Poultry, Pigeons, &c.
Specialties: White Wyandottes and Barred Plymouth Rocks.
WM. J. POGUE, Prop'r.
sep 2 2m

On and after Sunday, Oct. 1st, 1899, the Schedule of the WILMINGTON SEACOAST R. R. will be as follows:

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
2.30 P. M.	8.03 A. M.
6.30 P. M.	5.00 P. M.

SUNDAY TRAIN.

Leave Wilmington.	Leave Ocean View.
2.30 P. M.	5.00 P. M.
6.00 P. M.	

Freight will be carried on the 2.30 P. M. and 6.30 P. M. trains. No goods will be received or delivered unless freight is prepaid.

sep 30 tf R. OSCAR GRANT, Supt.

September Mullets.

128 Barrels September Mullets.
300 Boxes Tomatoes.
150 Boxes Table Peaches.
50 Boxes Dried Apples.
100 Boxes Brooms.
860 Barrels Flour,
100 Cases Salmon.
900 Bags Liverpool Salt.
110 Bags Table Salt.
175 Cream Cheese.
100 Cases Gold Dust.
275 Cases Matches.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
sep 28 tf Wilmington, N. C

Diamond Starch, the greatest invention of the day.

Requires no Cooking or Blueing. Makes Collars and Cuffs stiff and nice as new.

Try a case.

So'e agents for Wilmington territory.

Also offer a full line of Groceries at low figures.

D. L. GORE,
Wholesale Grocer, Wilmington, N. C.
oct 1 tf

Apples.

We have fresh stock of Apples

On every Week's steamer.

Also, Cheese, Cakes, Candies, and other goods that must be fresh to be good.
We are compelled to sell each week's stock

Is why we sell on such a close margin.

Our motto is quick sales, fresh stock and close prices.
Call or write for prices.

T. D. LOVE,
24 North Water Street.

Steamer for Fayetteville Mondays and Thursdays. Passengers, freight and towage. For rates apply to T. D. LOVE, sep 19 tf General Agent.

VIRGINIA MEAL.

800 BUSHELS VIRGINIA WATER GROUND MEAL.
300 BARRELS RED SEAL FLOUR.
800 ROLLS BAGGING.
900 BUNDLES TIES.
400 FISH BARRELS.
100 CASES TOMATOES.
50 CASES TABLE PEACHES.
50 CASES PIE PEACHES.
100 BOXES SOAP.
25 BOXES PEPPER.
15 BOXES SPICE.

WESCOTT & STONE,
Wholesale Grocers.

Hatchet Tobacco
Best 6 inch 5's on the market. It satisfies the chewer. sep 24 tf

Leading makes. Easy terms.

N. L. SMITH,

Bargains in New and Second Hand Pianos and Organs.

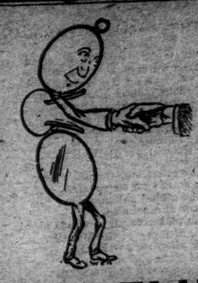
No. 109 Dock street. Representing Ludden & Bates' Southern Music House, No. 137 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Tuning, Repairing.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.
aug 31 tf

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved ma 10 tf



"SHAKING HANDS"

Close friendship follow introduction to our Glasses. They will aid you in many inconceivable ways in the performance of your daily duties. Let us introduce you. Don't postpone this meeting. Procrastination is the thief of good eyesight. The constant dropping of water will wear away a stone. A slight eye strain impairs health, because it is constant. The strain which first manifests itself as a slight discomfort should be promptly remedied by the use of Glasses—proper Glasses—the kind, and the only kind, we fit.

DINGELHOEF BROS.,
SCIENTIFIC OPTICIANS,
Parlor No. 123 Market street.
oct 1 tf

Little Giant School Shoes For Boys and Girls,

WEAR LIKE IRON.

If your children are hard on Shoes bring them to us.
New lot of Infant's Blue and White Shoes just received. Hard or soft soles.

Solomon's Shoe Store.
We close at seven o'clock, except Saturdays.
oct 1 tf

The C. W. Polvogt Co.
No. 9 North Front street.

PLAIDS! PLAIDS! PLAIDS!

They're to Be, According to Authority, Fashion's Favorite the Coming Season.

We have as fine a showing as can be found in Wilmington of both foreign and domestic makes, the department teeming with extremes, plaids, of the most subdued shades, plaids of the most brilliant colorings, with all the varying go-betweens, plaids small, and plaids large. Big variety, rare qualities, and moderate prices are the distinguishing marks of our Plaid Dress Goods exhibit. To try to describe them would be to trade in classic niceties. Come see for yourself what we have to show.

The Fall Underwear.

Men's Women's and Children's Fall and Winter Underwear go on sale to-morrow at prices that scarcely cover cost of manufacture.

Ladies' Ribbed Vests and Pants, 25c.

Ladies' Hose in Cadet and Navy Blue Polka Dot, special 50c a pair.

Ladies' Fancy Plaid Hose special, 25 and 50c a pair.

Gent's Fleece Lined Heavy Underwear, 50c. Full assortment of Children's Underwear.

CARPETS and RUGS.

In moving this week perhaps you will find that you need a new Carpet or an Art Square. If so remember that we have as large an assortment to select from as any house in the State

We handle the Best 25c Ladies' and Children's Hose in the city

New Kid Gloves.

Our new importation of Ladies' and Gent's Kid Gloves have arrived, and they are the best $1.00 value in our city. Every pair warranted.

THE C. W. POLVOGT CO.
oct 1 tf Agents for W. B. Corsets and Standard Patterns.

ONE BETTER.
79c
For This Week Only.

Solid Oak Golden Finish Dining Room Chair. We are not considering cost in these special sales, but giving benefit to customers.

THE SNEED-FULLER CO.
Every Week a Bargain. oct 1 tf

SLENDER PURSES DON'T FEAR THIS STORE.

It is true my Fall lines of Clothing and Men's Furnishings are all NEW and MODERN,

Still the Prices **ARE SO LOW** that they can be reached by the smallest buyer.
Come see for yourself.

A. SHRIER,
Outfitter to Mankind.
sep 27 tf S. E. corner Front and Princess streets. The new store.

BETWEEN ONE THING AND ANOTHER.

We Manage to turn out the handsomest fitting and most stylish Clothing to be found in this city. We employ nothing but the best workmen.

Our lines of Imported and Domestic Goods are from the best factories in the world. In fact, we give the best of everything for the least money,

Drop in and look over our lines.

Our line of Neckwear has arrived and it is the HANDSOMEST we have ever had.

Furnishing Goods, etc.

M. H. CURRAN,
oct 1 tf 107 PRINCESS STREET.

Winter is Coming

And everybody should prepare to meet it and be well armed.

WE will sell you SHOES at your OWN price.

We are in a position to accommodate all; the rich and the poor. Just come in and we will soon convince you that our prices are the smallest.
We bought this week eighty-two pairs of Ladies Fine Shoes that sell right here in this city for $3.00 a pair. Manufactured by Hayes, Partridge & Co.

We bought them under the market price and we are GOING TO SELL THEM AT

-$2.00 AND $2.25.-

Come early before the sizes are all gone. All I need now and up-to-date, a Money saved is money made.
Don't forget the place, 109 Market street.

GEO. O. GAYLORD'S NEW SHOE STORE.
oct 1 tf